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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

VOL. XXXVI NO. 133

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1948

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Delhi To Be Firm With Nizam

NO SCALING DOWN OF LATEST TERMS

Categorical Reply To State Delegationists

FINAL DECISION WITHIN 48 HOURS

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 7.

The Government of India, I am in a position to reveal, has taken a firm stand on the Hyderabad issue and informed the State Delegation that India's latest proposals constituted irreducible minimum terms. The Nizam seems to have been categorically told that there was no question of the scaling down of India's demands any further.

It is evident that India's latest proposals on the Hyderabad issue were misinterpreted by the Nizam as a sign of weakness. India's firm stand is intended to disillusion the Nizam.

DECISION IN 48 HOURS?

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 7, (API). A tense feeling of expectation prevailed in political circles here as the fateful talks on Indo-Hyderabad relations entered on their second day in Delhi. Radio sets remained tuned to Delhi throughout the day.

Informed circles here believe that the answer one way or the other will be known within the next 48 hours. While the Hyderabad Delegation has a clear-cut mandate from the Nizam's Government, it is averred that the Delegation has been permitted to yield on any "front" except the issue of parity. On that question, it is said here, the Delegation would ask for a clear answer from India. The opinion is, however, held at the same time that there is little likelihood of the India Government accepting parity.

While the Hyderabad Delegation is said to be authorised to make the offer of a plebiscite as a last resort it is believed that even this proposal might be hemmed in with conditions making it unacceptable to the Indian Government.

Pro-Ittehad political circles were propagating the view tonight that if it came to a plebiscite, Hyderabad would accept it only if it was conducted under the auspices of the U.N.O.

NEHRU REPORTS TO CABINET

DELHI, June 7, (UPI): At an emergent meeting of the Cabinet held this morning Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India; reported to his colleagues the talks that he had last night with Mir Laik Ali, Premier of Hyderabad, on the reply of Nizam's Government to the latest proposals of the Government of India.

The Cabinet, it is gathered, considered the reply of the Nizam's Government and also the reported modifications suggested by the Nizam's Government to the proposals.

Menon Meets Sardar

NEW DELHI, June 7, (API): The States Secretary, Mr. V. P. Menon, met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, at Dehra Dun today and had discussions with him on certain amendments which the Hyderabad Delegation had proposed to the Government of India's proposals. Mr. Menon returned to Delhi late this evening.

Mr. H. M. Patel, Defence Secretary, also saw Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel today.

There was little activity today in connection with the Hyderabad Delegation's visit. Mir Laik Ali, Hyderabad Premier, met the Governor-General, Lord Mountbatten, for about two hours.

Soon after his return from Dehra Dun, Mr. Menon conferred with the Governor-General. Later, he called on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, and it is understood, communicated to him the reactions of Sardar Patel to the "counter-proposals" submitted by Mir Laik Ali and his colleagues.

According to informed quarters the talks are expected to take a tangible shape tomorrow.

No Use Of Plebiscite, Says Razvi

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 7 (API) Syed Kasim Razvi, addressing a public meeting organised by the Depressed Classes Association here last night said that while "the people of Hyderabad are not afraid of a plebiscite", he would ask what purpose it could serve when the people were not willing to accede to the Indian Union "in view of the chaotic conditions prevailing in the Indian Union where there is no safety of life and property even to this day."

The Majlis President said he was confident of the verdict of a plebiscite "since the depressed classes number 85 lakhs and Muslims 35 lakhs, not to speak of Lingayats and other communities."

Those communities, he added, demanded self-determination and separate electorates and he would support them in their demand.

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RESTORE CUT IN CHINA AID BILL

American Aid Mission Chief's Plea

SHANGHAI, June 7 (Reuter) : Mr. Roger Lapham, Chief of the American Aid Mission to China under economic co-operation administration, said here today that he hoped the United States Senate would restore the cut of 63,000,000 dollars in the China Aid Bill by the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee.

He pledged his ten man mission to "do all it could to support the Government".

TROUBLE OVER KARACHI SEPARATION ISSUE

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, June 5.

Movement for the retention of Karachi as a port of Sind Province seems to be gaining ground and an appreciable section of Sindhi Muslims seem determined to fight out their case till the last.

At a meeting under the auspices of Muslim Students Union held at Rotodero, the decision of the Pakistan Consembly to make Karachi a separate province directly under the control of the Central Government and deplored saying that such a decision was directly in conflict with the Lahore Resolution of the All-India Muslim League under which full freedom of the constituent units was guaranteed.

The meeting also asked members of the Sind Legislative Assembly to resign as a protest against the most objectionable and reprehensible attitude of the Pakistan Government towards the Province of Sind.

WILL DR. MALAN MEET INDIAN DEPUTATION?

JOHANNESBURG, June 7 (Reuter): The Transvaal and Natal Indian Congress today asked Dr. Daniel Malan, new South African Prime Minister, whether he would meet a joint deputation to discuss "difficulties facing the Indian community" their request was contained in a letter referring to the 1946 Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian representation act which limits the franchise and land-buying rights of Indians in Natal and Transvaal.

Philadelphia Locomotives For India

WASHINGTON, June 7, (Reuter): The India Supply Mission announced that orders will be placed for 100 locomotives costing around 12,000,000 dollars with the Baldwin Locomotive Works of Philadelphia. The locomotives are described as broadgauge new-type and streamlined.

This order is part of the Indian contract for 200 locomotives of which the remainder is awarded to two Canadian concerns at a cost of 13,000,000 dollars.

STATE MINISTER FOR REHABILITATION

Mr. Mohanlal Saxena Appointed

NEW DELHI, June 7, (A.P.I.): Shri Mohanlal Saxena, member of the Constituent Assembly from United Provinces, has been appointed Minister of State in charge of the portfolio of Relief and Rehabilitation. This is the first appointment as Minister of State made in India following the practice in the U.K.

As Minister of State Shri Mohanlal Saxena will have the full powers of a Minister in charge of his Ministry. He will not be a Cabinet Minister with the right of attendance at meetings but whenever his own subject comes up for consideration by the cabinet or he is invited to do so he will attend.

In so far as dealings with Pakistan are concerned on questions connected with relief and rehabilitation, they have already been entrusted to Shri Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister without portfolio who will continue to be in charge to this matter.

Shri Mohanlal Saxena will take charge of his Ministry tomorrow June 8th. It is understood that Shri Mohanlal Saxena's salary will be the salary of a Cabinet Minister, that is, Rs. 3,000 a month but without any allowances or provision for a free house as in regard to Cabinet Ministers.

Shri Mohanlal Saxena has been Secretary of the Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly.

Thunder And Lightning

But No Monsoon Yet, Says Observatory

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bombay experienced thunder and lightning, accompanied by light showers at midnight on Monday, perhaps heralding monsoon.

"TOO EARLY TO SAY"

Meteorological experts in Poona however, stated that today's weather was not to be associated with the outbreak of real monsoon but that the advance of monsoon recorded—the result of a cyclonic storm raging in the west Arabian sea centred about 300 miles southwest of Karachi—was purely temporary and will not be maintained.

It was pointed out that monsoon had not burst in Colombo and Malabar coast and it was, therefore, too early to say when real monsoon would establish itself in the Bombay province.

Places in Konkan have experienced monsoonists type of weather with a "feeble" advance of monsoon on the west coast of Bombay Province.

Cyclone Centering Off Karachi

A press Note from the Santa Cruz Meteorological Observatory says that the Cyclone in the North-West Arabian Sea is centred about 300 miles south west of Karachi. It is likely to move north north-west and strike coast near Jiwani.

Six-Power Plan For Western Germany

INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF RUHR: OCCUPATION TROOPS TO REMAIN

LONDON, June 7, (Reuter): The six Western Powers announced today their plans for a Government of Western Germany, including international control of the Ruhr, German arsenal in two world wars, when Allied military occupation ends.

The plans drawn up British, French, American; Belgian, Dutch and Luxembourg representatives at last week's conference in London—had already threatened to prove a political crisis in France which fears a German military revival.

In Berlin Marshal Vassily Sokolovsky, Soviet Military Governor, was handed a copy of the Western Powers' communique a few hours before it was issued in Paris, London, Washington and other capitals.

In Paris, the British Labour Party Secretary, Mr. Morgan Phillips, and the national insurance Minister, Mr. James Griffiths, were meeting French Socialist leaders Officially, their presence was concerned only with domestic party business, but French sources said M. P. Griffiths had put forward his visit at the suggestion of the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin after warnings by French Socialists that the Government might have difficulty in winning Parliamentary approval of the London recommendations.

Reuter's Paris correspondent cabled today that publication of the full terms had done nothing to ease French apprehension. Press criticism took the line that "the German danger is being revived" Both Gaullists and Communists oppose ratification.

ADVERSE COMMENT

Details of the plan for international control of the Ruhr produced considerable adverse comment in German military circles, Reuter's correspondent in Berlin reported. The Prime Ministers of the 11 West German states were faced with their biggest post-war decision—whether to create the proposed Constituent Assembly, with definite prospects of recovering internal sovereignty, at the price of formally accepting temporary partition of their country. Professor Erich Noelting, Economic Minister of North Rhine Westphalia, and other Ministers today went into conference with British Military Government officials, while the rest of their colleagues held a Cabinet meeting. The executive of the Communist sponsored German Peoples Congress called a special session in Berlin to study the Western Powers plan.

THE PLAN

The recommendations passed unanimously by the Six-Power delegations in London covered: 1, Creation of an authority representing the Six Powers and Germany herself, to control the Ruhr industrial belt. The German representatives would, for the present, be chosen and their votes exercised by the occupying powers concerned.

2. Establishment of a Constituent Assembly for Western Germany. Military Governors of the British French and American zones would convene a meeting of the Ministers-President of the German States within their zones, who would be authorised to convene a Constituent Assembly which would prepare the constitution for the future West German Government.

The communique added significantly that "the United States, the United Kingdom and the French delegates had reiterated the firm views of their Government that there could not be any general withdrawal of their forces from Germany until the peace of Europe is secured without prior consultation."

The agreement also, firstly, affirmed that "Germany must not again be permitted to become an aggressive power". Secondly, it recommended a rigid system of inspection to keep watch on German military activity.

These, Reuter's correspondent wrote today, were regarded as vital steps forward in the economic reconstruction of Western Europe in partnership with a re-born democratic Germany.

FRENCH ASSEMBLY WILL APPROVE

A U.P.A. message from London says that the rejection by France of any part of the six-power agreement on Western Germany would oblige the participating powers to review the whole accord. authoritative sources said today. Anglo-American quarters professed the belief that the French Assembly would approve it despite an upsurge of opposition in France.

The Soviet Embassy was given a copy of the agreement before it was released to the press. Authoritative sources said that the Governments concerned hoped that a Constituent Assembly of western Germany would meet some time this autumn, and that a Ruhr authority would be set up within a couple of months.

Palestine Truce Round The Corner?

ANNOUNCEMENT FROM MEDIATOR EXPECTED ANY MOMENT

CAIRO, June 7. (Reuter): Count Folke Bernadotte, Palestine Mediator, expects to announce by tomorrow whether the Arabs and Jews will accept his latest proposals for a four-week truce, as urged by the Security Council.

Count Bernadotte, who has flown to Amman, Beirut, Haifa and Tel Aviv in his efforts to secure agreement on the truce, said on his return here that Arab and Jewish leaders were today receiving full details in writing of his plan.

"A decision one way or the other" would come within the next 24 or 36 hours, he said.

CEASE-FIRE BY THURSDAY?

If the date for a cease-fire has been agreed it remained a closely guarded secret tonight, but after the Count's visit to King Abdullah in Amman yesterday it was stated it might come into operation on Thursday. Earlier reports said Count Bernadotte would fly once again across the desert to Baghdad today for talks with Iraqi leaders.

Count Bernadotte was today arranging the first control body to supervise the truce. This body is expected to include military personnel representing Sweden, France and Belgium.

A source in close touch with the Count said here today that there was no deadlock in the negotiations and there was reasonable ground for believing an agreement was possible.

His flying visits during the weekend to Arab and Jewish leaders were to advise both sides of his proposals, not to invite interpretations, according to this source, and he found a co-operative spirit on both sides.

The Security Council meeting at Lake Success today, was expecting a report from the Count on the results of his efforts to date.

Postponment of the date of the cease-fire from noon today—deadline fixed earlier—was made to allow Count Bernadotte to clear up the Jewish immigration issue, main stumbling block in the negotiations. It was reported from Amman.

Count Bernadotte today described as 'not accurate" an American report that he had decided men of military age could enter Israel during the truce so long as they were kept unmobilised.

BATTLE OF JEWISH JERUSALEM

Guns and mortars of the Arab Legion meanwhile pounded Jewish Jerusalem today for the 20th successive day. latest Reuter cables reported Haganah, Jewish defence army, was reported in Jerusalem to have brought up reinforcements somewhere near the city to answer the bombardment. A Haganah military aspkesman declared to say whether these reinforcements had yet been in action.

ISRAEL AGREES

Segregation Of Military Age Immigrants

LAKE SUCCESS, June 7 (Reuter) The Jewish State of Israel advised the United Nations today that it had had agreed to segregate immigrants of military age going into Palestine during the projected four-week truce.

The problem of Jewish immigration into Palestine-oposed by the Arabs has been one of the main stumbling blocks to an agreement on the proposed truce.

Mr. Aubery S. Eban, acting representative for the Povisional Government of Israel, in a letter to M. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary General, gave the basis of an agreement said to have been reached between Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator and Mr. Moshe Shertok, Israel Foreign Minister in Tel Aviv on June 3.

Among the points, which Mr. Eban communicated to the Secretary General for the information of the Security Council are:—

(1) To notify the Mediator in advance of the date and the port of embarkation of every immigrant transport.

(2) Cooperation with the Mediator in searching ships.

(3) Immigrants in possession of arms shall not be admitted.

(4) Men of military age shall be kept during the cease fire in hostels and camps and work centres where they can be effectively supervised.

(5. If the Cyprus ban (imposed by Britain on Jewish internees in Cyprus) is removed. Israel's immigration programme during the cease fire will concentrate mainly on the evacuation of Cyprus.

MEDIATOR TO REPORT BY WEDNESDAY

Security Council Asked To Defer Discussion

LAKE SUCCESS, June 7, (Reuter): The Security Council, a few minutes after it had convened today, received a report from the United Nations Palestine Mediator, Count Folke Bernadotte, announcing that he expected to be able to report on the "success or failure" of his truce negotiations.

He suggested to the Council the discussion on the truce should be deferred in the Council until June when he expects to report.

BATTLE-FRONTS AT A GLANCE

LONDON, June 7, (Reuter): Latest position on the Palestine battle-fronts, according to reports reaching Reuter and claims by both Arabs and Jews was today.

NORTHERN FRONT: 250 Jews killed or wounded when Syrian and Lebanese troops occupied the villages of Malkiyeh, south of the Lebanon border, and Kadas. Syrian bombardment of Mishmar Hayaden, Jewish settlement south of Lake Huleh, continued after Syrians had encircled the settlement.

NORTH-EASTERN FRONT: Iraqi troops captured Shukhuneika, a village north of Tulkarm in the Arab triangle. No news today of the fighting in Jenin, north of Nablus.

CENTRAL FRONT: Arab Legion guns and mortars pounded Jewish Jerusalem for the 20th successive day. Egyptian light forces advancing from Bethlehem shelled the southern outskirts of the New City of Jerusalem.

SOUTHERN FRONT: Saudi Arabian troops with armoured cars, tanks and artillery were fighting with Egyptian troops.

RUSSIA READY TO SEND PALESTINE OBSERVERS

LAKE SUCCESS, June 7, (UPA). Russia served notice at the United Nations today that it is "ready to send" Soviet military observers into Palestine in conjunction with the United Nations efforts to achieve Holy Land truce.

STERLING BALANCES TALKS ENTER MOST IMPORTANT PHASE

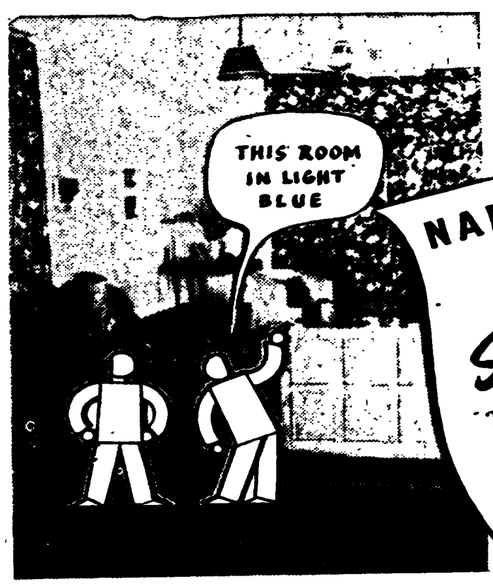
India And Pakistan Finance Ministers Visit Cripps At British Treasury

LONDON, June 7, (Reuter): The crucial negotiations for the release of India's 1,200,000,000 sterling balances entered their most important phase in London today when Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty visited Sir Stafford Cripps at the British Treasury. The two Ministers of Finance were joined by Pakistan's representative Mr. Ghulam Muhammad, who holds three vital portfolios — Finance, Commerce and Economic Affairs. The outcome of the talks is of the greatest importance to the future internal economy of the two Dominions.

Mr. Chetty hopes for such a release as will enable India to forge ahead with her great schemes of industrial and other development.

He has made it clear that piecemeal releases of funds are no longer of any use to the Indian Government, which wants to know how it is going to be situated financially for the next two or three years at least. Mr. Chetty does not want to take sterling away. He would like it in the form of the various capital goods which his country so urgently needs. Later, he would like to have some of the sterling converted into American dollars or Swiss francs so that India can buy goods in those countries. Any attempt to scale down the sterling balances would be firmly resisted by Mr. Chetty, who maintains, in his simple way of putting most complex financial problems, that they are no more than a debt owed by Britain to India — in fact by the Bank of England to the Reserve Bank of India.

Mr. Mohammad, who arrived from Pakistan after the talks had been proceeding at expert level for nearly a week has not said anything outside his own circles except to describe the "tremendous amount of inflation" caused in Pakistan by Britain's wartime policy of accumulating Sterling Balances in London "at a low rate of interest" against an increased note issue in return for goods supplied to the war effort of Britain and her Allies. Both the Indian and Pakistani Finance Ministers and their advisers have created a profound impression in the British official circles which have so far met them. Mr. Chetty is brilliantly supported by Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas the Bombay Banker, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Adviser to the Jaipur Government and others. In London, it is regarded as the greatest financial delegation which has ever left India.



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If you want any kind of Employment in India or abroad apply for Terms (stating your qualifications) to Kapoor & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 8783

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PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RLY-TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3.p.m on 16-4-48 for the supply of pure milk from 1-7-48 at the Railway's milk shops at Poona, Lonavla, Dehu Road and Talegaon. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Poona. 83

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Reconditioning of Brass Scrap Boarings No. 2. Forms obtainable from Stores Head office, Gipstore Lane Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable Money order or cash only. Closing date 30-6-48. (114)

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Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the President, Grainshop Committee, Freelandgunj Dohad on application.

PRESIDENT,
Grainshop Committee, Dohad. 120

THE AMBIKA SILK MILLS CO. LTD

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company 11-12, Haines Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 13, on SATURDAY the 26th June 1948 at 3 p. m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 1947.
2. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the Current Year and fix his or their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be placed before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 19th June, 1948 to SATURDAY, the 3rd July 1948, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
Maganlal Bhagvandas & Co.
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 21st May, 1948. (113)

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Advertisement No. 8.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL FILMS LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 32, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, THE 24TH JUNE, 1948, at 4 p.m., (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance sheet and Profit and Loss account of the Company for the period ended 30th April, 1948.
(2) To elect Directors in places of all the Directors (except Ex-Officio Directors) of the Company who retire under Article 119 of the Articles of Association of the Company but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly.
(3) To appoint auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 15TH JUNE, 1948 to 24TH JUNE, 1948 both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
For HINDUSTAN CINE & GRAPHIC ARTS LTD.,
K. PODDAR,
Director.
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 3rd June, 1948. 8919

BOMBAY SALES TAX

ACCORDING to the amendments made in the Bombay Sales Tax Act with effect from the 1st April, 1948, a special tax at the rate of one anna in the rupee is payable on the sales of certain goods, including INTER ALIA (1) "Silk including artificial silk and silk goods", and (2) "Jewellery, precious stones and pearls, real or cultured". The actual scope of these classes of goods is as follows:—

(1) SILK GOODS, ETC.: The following silk goods will be subject to the special tax at the rate of one anna in the rupee:—

(a) Any cloth, hosiery or other goods made from silk, artificial silk or other yarn, in which the proportion of silk and artificial silk used is not less than 50%.
(b) All "Benarasi" silk or art silk fabrics and borders, and all kinds of fabrics in which silver, gold or gilded thread is woven in the warp or weft on a silk or art silk yarn base.
(c) Indore and Zari borders and Zari goods in which the proportion of strands of gold and silver spun with silk or art silk yarn base, and simple silk and art silk threads, in the warp is not less than 5% by weight, and also not less than 50% according to the number of strands in the warp.
(d) Embroidery, containing silk or art-silk thread, whether worked with silver and other threads or not, where the proportion of silk or art silk thread used is not less than 50%.

(2) JEWELLERY, ETC.: Ornaments, including necklaces, bracelets, gold cuff links, key chains, etc., or utensils which are made of metals only and do not contain any stones or pearls, will not fall within the scope of the term "Jewellery" and their sales will be subject to the general sales tax of one half of an anna in the rupee. But any article, whether of gold or silver or any other metal, including "imitation jewellery" which contains one or more precious stones or pearls (including imitation and synthetic stones and cultured pearls) and is intended for personal adornment, as well as such precious stones and pearls by themselves, will be subject to the special sales tax at the rate of one anna in the rupee. 112

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the undersigned till 15TH JUNE 1948 for the following posts, with no residential accommodation.

1. One Theatre sister in the grade of Rs. 180-5-200-10-250 plus the following allowances. The post in the first instant is temporary but likely to become permanent.
   Dearness Allowance Rs. 45 p.m.
   City Allowance Rs. 10 p.m.
   Messing Allowance Rs. 50 p.m.
   Lodging Allowance Rs. 40 p.m.
   Uniform Allowance Rs. 15 p.m.
   Conveyance Allowance Rs. 3 p.m.
2. Two Nursing Sisters General and Maternity trained with good Theatre experience for the Willingdon Nursing Home in the grade of Rs. 150-10-200-15-260 with the following allowances:—
   Dearness Allowance Rs. 40 p.m.
   Messing Allowance Rs. 50 p.m.
   City Allowance Rs. 10 p.m.
   Uniform and Laundry etc. Rs. 16/8/- p.m.
   Lodging Allowance Rs. 40 p.m.
   Conveyance Allowance Rs. 3 p.m.

The applicant should state her qualifications and previous experience and age etc. and also should submit copies of the testimonials which are not returnable. The selected candidates will be interviewed at their own expenses.

D. V. BHARGAV,
Lt.-Col.
Superintendent,
Willingdon Hospital, New Delhi. 95

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

WANTED ARTS AND SCIENCE, Gujarati knowing Graduates and Matriculates as teachers in the High Schools and Middle Schools of Saurashtra in the following grades.

GRADUATES 65-3-80-5-125.
MATRICULATES to start with Rs 46 p.m. in the grade of Rs 40-3-70-5-90.

Higher starting salary will be given to trained and qualified teachers.

Apply with copies of Testimonials to the Undersigned on or before 13-6-48, stating age, caste and experience, if any.

G. G. VIDWANS,
Director of School Education.
Saurashtra Government, Rajkot.
Rajkot, dated 3-6-48. 122

BROACH BOROUGH MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS stating full particulars as to age, qualifications, experience etc. are invited for the following posts.

1. ACCOUNTANT: — Minimum qualification required is B. Com. of a rceongised University. Pay scale is Rs. 85-5-120-7-175 plus dearness allowance and Interim Relief.
2. ENGINEER:—Minimum qualification required is B.E. (Civil) of a recognised University. Pay scale Rs. 250-15-400 plus Rs. 50/- as conveyance allowance plus Dearness allowance.

The posts are permanent with benefits of Provident Fund.

Applications should reach the undersigned with copies of testimonials on or before 21-6-1948. Selected candidates will have to come for interview at their costs.

BHAGWANDAS J. PATEL
President,
Broach Borough Municipality
Broach.
Municipal Office,
Broach, 4th June, 1948. 121

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the temporary post of Assistant Chemist at Rs. 95/- per month in the grade of Rs. 95-5-130-8-170, plus Dearness and other allowances, as sanctioned by Government from time to time. The qualifications shculd be either (1) B.Sc. (Agriculture) with practical experience of atleast one year, or (2) B.Sc. with Chemistry as principal and Botany as subsidary, preferably with experience. Government servants should apply thrcugh the heads of their Departments. For terms and conditions of appointments and prescribed forms of applications which should reach this office not later than 30th JUNE 1948 apply to the Joint Registrar for Industrial Co-operatives and village Industries 18, Queens Gardens, Poona 1.

D. A. SHAH,
Joint Registrar,
for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries, B. P. POONA (124)

SAURASHTRA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of the Chief Refugee Officer in the Saurashtra Government Service Class II.

The post is temporary and non-pensionable. The selected candidate will have to join immediately. The Government servants are eligible, if permitted by the Heads of their Department to apply. Conditions regarding qualifications, nationality and pay will not be relaxed in their favour.

Candidate should be a national of India and should have indian domicile. He should be at least a Graduate in Arts, Science, Commerce or Law of Bombay University or any other University. He should have some training in social welfare work and office and administrative experience. Preference will be given to one with knowledge of Sindhi language. He should be below 35 years of age. In case of Government servants, age-limit may be extended to 45 years. His duty covers relief and rehabilitation of refugees and arrangement of refugee camps in Saurashtra. Scale of pay will be Rs. 350-25-500.

Copies of the application form can be had from the undersigned on requisition accompanied by a large addressed envelope bearing postage stamps of the value of 3 1/2 annas and on payment of one rupee for each form. Applications by registered post should reach the Secretary Saurashtra Public Service Commission Rajkot not later than 25th June 1948

Canvassing in any form will disqualify the candidate concerned.

H. B. SHUKLA,
Secretary, Saurashtra Public Service Commission, Rajkot. 119

INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURE, ANAND.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY, an Agricultural Graduate for the post of a Senior Research Assistant in the scale of Rs. 95-5-120 E. B. 130-8-170 E. B. 10-270 for Vegetable Breeding work at this Institute. The candidate should have at least five years practical research experience, initiative and originality in planning and conducting Plant Breeding and Agronomic Investigations independently. The post in the first instance, is temporary and likely to be made permanent depending upon the work turned out by the selected candidate. Higher initial start will be given to deserving and suitable candidate. Applications stating age, academic qualifications, research experience, testimonials, minimum salary expected etc., should reach the undersigned before 15th June 1948.

(Sd.) M. D. PATEL,
Director,
Institute of Agriculture, Anand.
Anand, dated 5th June, 1948 123

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of waste (hard and soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 5, mill and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on FRIDAY the 11th June, 1948, in their registered office, tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (130)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used as well as surplus unused articles from the India United Mills Ltd. No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, and will be received up to 16-6-48 at the Registered Office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be had from this office. (98)

DISPOSALS

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of the following craft ex site:—

DESCRIPTION:
Steam Trawler 'TANJORE'—Converted for use as Water Boat.
Length—125 feet, Beam—23 feet and Draught—15 feet.
Engine Triple Expansion I.H.P. 461.
Built in 1920 Gross Tonnage 258.
LOCATION:
H.M.I. Dockyard.
SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE:
RCS|VAR|60727|73,33.
LAST DUE DATE:
18th June, 1948 4-30 p.m.

Tender will be opened in Public at 11 a.m. on the 19th June, 1948.

Offers must be submitted in tender forms obtainable from this office on payment of Rs. 5|- per set (which is not refundable) in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed with above tender No. and due date.

Offers should remain open for acceptance upto the 19th July, 1948.

Earnest money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve|Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits" in favour of the Regional Commissioner, Disposals, Bombay. Tender not accompanied by such Treasury|Bank receipt will be ignored.

CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quality or suitability of the stores. Sale will be subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117.

Permits to inspect the stores at site can be obtained from Commodore, in-charge R.I.N., Vithal House, Mint Road, Bomoay.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER, DISPOSALS,
Mercantile Chambers,
Graham Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.
Telephone: 30041. 117

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

WANTED PRINCIPAL, PROFESSORS & LECTURERS FOR ASSAM VETERINARY COLLEGE.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Superintendent, Office of the Assam Public Service Commission, upto the 20th June, 1948 for the following temporary posts. There is every likelihood of those posts being made permanent. The scales of pay shown against each post are subject to revison on the recommendations of the Assam Pay Committee and are exclusive of the usual allowance admissible under the existing rules. Persons who are not natives of, or domiciled in, the Province may also apply, provided they are agreeable to accept the posts on short-term contract basis.

1. One Principal on Rs. 800-1,000/- p.m. The candidate must be an M.R.C.V.S. preferably with teaching experience in Veterinary Medicines and Therapeutics in recognised Veterinary College in India or abroad and having administrative capability.
2. Two Professors (Class I):—One for Animal Husbandry and one for Anatomy on Rs. 300-700/- each p.m. M.R.C.V.S. is preferred. Graduates of recognised Indian Veterinary Colleges with distinguished careers and having sufficient practical knowledge and teaching experience in the aforesaid subjects are eligible for the posts.
3. Two Lecturers (Class II):—One for Biology (Botany and Zoology) and one for Chemistry and Physics on Rs. 175-425/- each p.m. The candidates should be graduates of recognised Veterinary College with distinctions and teaching experience in the subjects.

An application fee of Rs. 10/- should be credited under head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments— Examination Fees— Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and chalan attached to application. 118

AUCTION SALES

IN ACCORDANCE with section 167 of the Sea Custom Act 1878 under instruction from the Collector of Customs, Bombay MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction in one lot on TUESDAY the 15th June 1948 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House Ballard Road, confiscated cotton piecegoods of different varieties such as coloured printed and other sorts about 145220 Yds.

AUSTRALIANS WIN BY INNINGS

Sussex Skittled Out For 138 In 2nd Knock

HOVE (Essex.) June 7 (Reuter):—Australians continued their first innings against Sussex this morning. Although they began the day 166 runs ahead Bradman decided to continue the innings and both he and lefthander Arthur Morris enjoyed excellent practice knocks in readiness for the Nottingham test, when they resumed their second wicket partnership. The Australian captain was in his brightest mood in scoring his fourth century of the tour. Scoring off almost every ball he drove and pulled with tremendous power. Morris too, after a slow start, hit out and although Sussex tried four bowlers they could not subdue the enterprising Australian pair. The stand had realised 189 runs when James Langridge made a smart catch and ended Morris's long innings. He had hit 26 fours during his stay of four hours. Bradman followed soon afterwards losing his leg stump when hitting out.

His 100 included 2 hours and 5 minutes and included 12 fours.

Lindwall given a chance to get some practice for the test drove and cut magnificently in making 57 before being caught. Still Australia did not declare and lunch was taken with the score at 461 for four.

CLOSURE APPLIED

The batsmen continued on top after lunch adding 96 for the fifth wicket before Hemence was leg before.

Harvey having reached his 100 Bradman applied the closure, setting Sussex to get 463 to save an innings defeat.

The county made another disastrous start and in the hour before tea had lost three men for only 33 runs.

From the second ball delivered, John Langridge was held behind the wicket, and with only two runs scored C. Oakes was clean-bowled in the same over by Lindwall.

McCool fielded substitute for Loxton who had hurt his thigh and at 24 caught George Cox.

The side was all out for 138, thus being beaten by an innings and 325 runs.

AUSTRALIA (1st Innings.)

Brown l-b-w b Oaks	....	44
Morris c and b J. Langridge	..	184
Bradman b Cornford	....	100
Lindwall c Griffith b Conford		57
Harvey (not out)	....	100
Hamence l-b-w b Oaks	....	34
Extras	....	21
Total (for 5)	....	549

FALL OF WICKETS:—2 for 342, 3 for 360, 4 for 453, 5 for 549.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Carey 23/1/102/0, Cornford 31/6-122/2, James 26/6/90/0, Cox 16/3/-54/0, C. Oakes 15/2/60/2, James Langridge 16/1/68/1, J. Oakes 3/0/32/0.

Extras:—10 Byes: 10 Lesbyes, one no-ball.

SUSSEX (2nd Innings.)

John Langridge c Saggers b Lindwall	.....	0
C. Oakes b Lindwall	.....	0
G. Cox c McCool b Hamence ..		16
Parks b Ring	.....	61
James Langridge l-b-w b Lindwall		15
J. Oakes b Lindwall	....	1
H. Bartlett l-b-w b Ring	....	2
S. Griffith b Lindwall	....	34
P. Carey c Saggers b Ring	....	0
A. James (not out)	....	3
J. Corriford b Hamence, st. suggers.	.....	1
Extras	.....	15
Total		138

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Lindwall 15/5/25/5, Hamence 7.3-3/13/2, Toshack 17.14/6/0, Johnson 11/4/37/0, Ring 13/4.42/3.

Extras:—5 Byes, 9 Legbyes, 1 wide.

Bob Macfarlane— Canadian Track Star For Olympics

LONDON, June 7. (U.P.A.): To Ontario sport enthusiasts it seems quite evident that Bob MacFarlane, 20-year-old University of Western Ontario track and field star, and record holder of the Canadian 440 yard dash, will be among leading contenders for Olympic honours.

This quiet, well-mannered first year medical student has, during his three years at the University, blazed a trail of victories both on the track and gridiron. All this has been accomplished with the hope in mind that some day he would make his berth on the Olympic team.

During his younger days, Bob played football, and at this time he paid little attention to the fact that his speed in running could be put to use on the track as well as the rugby field. He never was greatly interested in track until he entered the University.

After MacFarlane graduated from Ridley College he enrolled at the U.W.O. and immediately tried out for the football team, Murray McNie, track coach at the institution and assistant Canadian Olympic coach took a great interest in the speed and form of this six-foot, two inch, 185 pound freshman. He took Bob under his wing and trained him in the 220-yard dash and later the quarter mile.

Climaxing his three years on the track, Bob became record holder of the Canadian 440 in July of last year at Montreal, when he broke the record held by A.G.K. Browne of Cambridge. The Englishman, ten years previously, had set the mark at 48.4 seconds. MacFarlane clipped it down to 47.5 seconds.

In his first year at Western, Bob took the intercollegiate title in Montreal in the 220-yard dash and later won by the Canadian 220 yard championship at Hamilton in July of 1946.

Also in 1946 he took the Intercollegiate Championship in his first running of the 440 yard dash. That same year the relay team of Western University, in which Bob and his brother Don ran, broke the Canadian record for the one mile. The team consisted of Jack Parry, Bill Larochelle, Bob, and Don MacFarlane. The previous record was made by the Canadian Olympic team of 1928.

Bob usually spends two hours each day in training, usually from four o'clock in the afternoon until six. When in training he has a rigid schedule. He states that "in order to put oneself in proper shape one should get plenty of sleep, eat the right type of food, and take several hours of persistent practice. Smoking and drinking should never to thought of."

Gymkhana Go Down Tamely

BOMBAY, Monday.

TATAS	5
BOMBAY GYMKHANA	0

For the first time in two years the Tatas showed something approaching a good forwards line and were rewarded with a runaway victory of five goals to nil against the Bombay Gymkhana side. Their victory was also due in a certain measure to the weak defence of the losers who failed to tackle their opponents off the ball.

Almeida and Rego scored two goals each, Almeida scoring his second goal and the last of the match off a penalty. The fifth goal was scored by outside right Godinho. Apart from the goals scored the Tata forwards showed sound understanding of each other's game and were able to plan and construct their moves in the face of a weak opposition.

For the Gymkhana Nelson under the bars played as well as ever and although he conceded five goals, not one was entirely due to his fault. He saved many more attempts by the rival forwards and prevented the Gymkhana side from being completely routed.

Van Gessels in the pivotal position was also seen to good advantage as a spoiler. In the front line Tulip alone appeared to be capable of scoring, but he received poor support from the other forwards and was forced to play a lone hand.

THE TEAMS:

TATAS—Thingalaya; Mandon and Shetty: Ananthram, Krishna and Damodhar; Gobinno, Almeida, Krishnamoorthy, Rego and Balan.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA—Nelson, Keown and Castle; Marsden, Van Gessles and Lenford; Collins, Pichengerger, Tulip, Brown and MacConnachie.

Tuesday evening at 5-45 p.m. G.I.P. vs. Rangers.

DUTCH-INDONESIAN POLITICAL AGREEMENTS

Foreign Relations Question Not To Influence Negotiations

KALIOERANG Java 6. (Reuter): questions by Holland to the Indonesia Republic last week about foreign relations and a plebiscite will not "unfavourably influence" negotiations for a political agreement Republican circles quoted by the Republican News Agency Antara stated here today

It had been reported that the Dutch delegates Mr. L. Neher and Jonkheer Van Redenburch asked Dor Mahammed Hatta the Republican Premier, last Thursday to discontinue the Republic's foreign relations and to give a clearcut answer whether the Republic wants a plebiscite in Java, Sumatra and Madura.

It was denied that a time limit had been set by the Dutch for a reply the agency reported.

The Republican Government would do everything in its power to give a speedy answer and emphasises that neither party "could hope for an impasse"

FIRE DESTROYS BUFFALOES AND COWS

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, June 7

About 60 to 75 buffaloes and cows were burnt to ashes when a cattle shed belonging to one Ram Kuvar Bhayya caught fire yesterday at 1 a.m. near Valli Pier Naka. Heavy stocks of fodder was stored in the shed. The cause of the fire is not yet known.

It is estimated that thirty to forty thousand rupees loss caused to the owner.

Water scarcity in some parts of the city is being reported. There is no water supply to this big city of about 75 to 80 thousand population The population of the city is to depend on well water and some wells are completely dried up and people have to go to other places for water

2 KILLED IN FACTION FIGHT

BANGALORE, June 6 (API): Two persons were killed and eight others sustained injuries as a result of a clash among the patrons of a hotel at Tirpur, about 60 miles from Bangalore, yesterday. The trouble led to arson and some houses are also reported to have been burnt.

Police reinforcements were sent to the spot and the situation is now under control.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 4 Cases Coloured Satin, Vinod Mill, size 25/28" each case of 50 Pcs. Total 5113 3/4 Yards on WEDNESDAY, 9th Inst. at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) at Champa Galli, near Bambakhana, M. J. Market, Bombay under instructions from M/s Shah Premji Khushlal & Co. and on a/c and at risk of M/s. C. Karsondas (C/o Karsondas Vrajlal, M. J. Market Krushna Raj Galli) the defaulting purchases.

Terms: 25 p. c. deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

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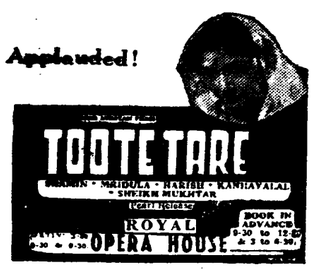
From Friday 11th June
Book your seats in Advance
AT SEE NEW THEATRES'

OONCHANEECH

Direction:— Music:—
HEMCHUNDER PUNKAJ MULLIC
MINERVA Adv. Bkg. From Wed. 10 to 12 noon.

2nd Housefull Week!
SURAIYA IS SUPERB IN THIS FILM FOR THE FAMILIES
KAJAL
Produced and Directed by M. SADIQ
ROXY
Daily:- 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30 p. m.
Sundays at 1 p.m.
Adv. Bkg. 10 to 12-30 4 to 6

Applauded!



TOOTE TARE
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
BOOK IN ADVANCE 5-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

* * * * * * * * * * * *
LILTING LYRICS!
JAMUNA PRODUCTIONS'
GAON
KARAN DEWAN, INDU MISRA, TEWARI
Songs: D. N. MADHOK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Thursday 12-30 p.m.
CENTRAL
A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES RELEASE
* * * * * * * * * * * *

AMONG TREMENDOUS RUSH
RASEELI
BREAKS ALL PREVIOUS MUSIC RECORDS.
Produced by:
JAYABHARAT PICTURES, LTD.,
Released by
BARODA THEATRES, LTD.,
Daily 3 shows: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sundays and Holidays—12-30
Advanc Booking:
10 to 12 and 4 to 6.
KRISHNA
CINEMA
NEW CHARNI ROAD.

LAXMI TUTORIAL & COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE,
DADAR.
New Sessions starting in June for Costing (A.C.W.A.), Secretarial (ACCS), Banking (CAIB), Accountancy (R.A.D. Com.,) Shorthand and Typerwiting. Admissions proceeding. Join immediately as seats are limited.

CATARACT
Try Degon's "EYE-CURE" (Reg.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye troubles. No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe sure world-wide reputed and tested. Success guaranteed. Particulars free. Price Rs. 8. Postage As. 12.
KAMALA WORKS (B.C.)
Panchpota, BENGAL.

NO LICENCE NEEDED
American model REVOLVER
PROTECT YOUR LIFE, PROPERTY & HONOUR FROM THE ONSLAUGHTS OF RUFFIANS AND WILD BEASTS.
At home, picnic or trouble, this sturdy and daisy revolver will always prove your best and reliant friend. Fitted with automatic revolving disc of 6 shots, it powerfully conquers with genuine American grade pistol, cartridge about 1½ cms. commanding a length of 9", emitting a deadly explosive sound and spitting dazzling streaks of fire. Order one today and never be without this imaginative body guard.
Quality No. 222 333 444
Rs. 6/8 7/8 8/8 each.
Extra 4 dot disc Re. 1/8/-. Leather belt with plated buckle Re. 1/-. cash. Astonishing oil Re. 1/- per phial.
TRADING CORPORATION

City and Suburbs

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 1, 2004
Muslim: Rajjab 29 1367.
Parsi: Deh 9, 1317.
Sunrise. 6-01 a.m.. Sunset: 19-15 p.m.
Hightide: —, 12-54, Lowtide: 06-06, 18-58.

MISSING

A South Indian school boy, aged 5 years, named Krishnamurthi alias Pappu, fair in complexion and dressed in thick blue half pant and yellow shirt with brown stripes, is missing since Monday afternoon. Any one finding him would kindly communicate with Mr. R. Srinivasan, No. 75, Timber Terrace, Brahminwada Road, Matunga, (G. I. P.) or Venkatramam, Thos. Cook's, Commercial Dept., Fort, Bombay.

To-day's Engagements

"SO-ED CLUB: Today at 9 p.m., at YMCA., 12 Wodehouse Road. Discussion on 'Draft Constitution of India'. Mr. P. R. Lele will preside."

Meeting, today at Green's Hotel (first floor) at 1-45 p.m. Speaker. Rotarian P. Kodanda Rao of the Rotary Club of Nagpur will speak on "Culture conflicts, cause and cure".

BOMBAY COTTON BROKERS' ASSOCIATION: Party to give send off to R. A. Podar at 5-30 today at the Trading Ring of East India Cotton Association (Marwari Bazar).

INDIAN LANGUAGES NEWSPAPERS ASSOCIATION: The seventh Annual General Meeting of the Indian Languages Newspapers Association will be held on Saturday the 24th July 48 at 9-0 a.m. to elect the President and the executive committee for the year 1948-49. No member who is in arrears of subscription shall be competent to participate in the election of the President or in the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting. Last date for receiving arrears has been fixed 30th June 1948.

I.N.T.U.C. The election of Bombay Board of Indian National Trade Union Congress took place on Sunday, 6th instant when the following have been elected the office-bearers of the 'Bombay Provincial Board: Janab Abidalli Jaierthai .. President., Sri H. N. Trivedi .. General Secretary., Sri Indravadhan Oza .. Treasurer.

BOMBAY BOOK SELLERS' ASSOCIATION LTD., in its adjourned General body meeting has resolved that all its members keep their shops closed on Sundays.

PROVINCIAL INDUSTRIES COMMITTEE: The Government of Bombay has decided that the report of the Provincial Industries Committee, Bombay, should be published for the benefit of the public. Copies of the report will be available from the Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Charni Road Gardens, Bombay.

RALLY OF CITY WORKERS:— "Under the joint auspices of Hind Mazdoor Panchayat and Socialist Party (Bombay), a rally of the workers will be held today (Tuesday) at Kamgar Maidan at 6 p.m. The Rally will demand: 1. Increase in Dearness Allowance with a minimum of Millowners' Association Scale in every industry. 2. Removal of delay in Adjudication machinery. 3. Reduction in prices of cloth and coal. 4. Right of reinstatement to a worker who is illegally or wrongfully discharged."

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI: The Committee of The Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali, Bombay, received this year in all 280 applications from students from different parts of the country for loan-scholarships for different courses of studies, out of which 148 were granted scholarships of the total value of Rs. 1,318/- per mensem, though some applications are pending disposal.

CONVICTED FOR BREACH OF RATIONING RULES

Nehalchand Dadapchand and Ramashetty Variashetty were convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fines of Rs. 500 and Rs. 50 respectively for using wheat in the preparation of 'Jelabi' (sweets).

Abdul Mazid Mohd. was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300/- or three months' rigorous imprisonment in defalt for obtaining rationed cloth without a ration document.

Virbai Kulji and Kadubai Vishram were convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 40 and Rs. 20 respectively for unlawfully obtaining rice and bajri.

Ganoo Mahadeo Patel and Kall sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment for importing rice and jowar without a permit. Ganoo Mahadeo Patel was further sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30.

Ramchandra Chintaman Joshi, Ganesh Cintaman Joshi and Puram Rajayya were convicted for failure to notify departures, for unauthorised possession of ration cards and for unlawfully obtaining rations thereon. Fines ranging from Rs. 10 to 120 were imposed on the convicted persons.

Three persons-Mallamma Yellappa, Laxmibai Yellappa and Lachhammabai Pashayya—were convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fines of Rs. 15, Rs. 10 and Rs. 10 respectively for possessing rice in excess of their normal requirements.

ASOKA MEHTA'S REJOINDER TO NANDA

Why So Much Delay In Setting Up Joint Council & Joint Committee?

"Hon. Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda's reply to my statement seeks to express his solicitude for Works Committee. It would have been easier for us to believe in the solicitude if the Joint Council and Joint Committees to be set up for the Bombay Government Staff had not been delayed for nearly ten months. The Labour Minister and the Government of Bombay had agreed to the setting up of the Joint Council and Committees in August last. The orders were passed in February this year, while even the first meeting is yet to meet," says Asoka Mehta in course of his reply to Mr. Nanda.

"The haste with which Mr. Nanda has been pushing on his plans for works Committee in the Textile Mills in Bombay is to no small extent due to the rapid disintegration of the Rastriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh, the INTUC Union for the local textile workers. The membership of that Union was rising steadily in the early months of 1947. At that time the Union had within its fold Socialist workers as well as socialistic members. In May, 1947 our workers were made to resign from the Union and in June a large number of members of the R.M.M. Sangh were forced to withdraw from the Sangh because internal democracy was denied to it by the President of the Union. The Socialists after withdrawing from the R.M.M. Sangh organised in July, 1947, the Mill Mazdoor Sabha. The consequences of this split on the R.M.M. Sangh is well brought out in a confidential report for the members of the Millowners' Association by its Labour Officer, Mr. R. G. Gokhle. On page 10 of that Report Mr. Gokhle says, "The Rastriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh was in a position to enrol a good number of members soon after the declaration of the Award of the Industrial Court, but during the last two months of the year under review, particularly after the strike of drawers-in and warpers, the Sangh has been meeting with poor response from the Bombay Cotton Mill workers. The Mill Mazdoor Sabha is trying its level best to secure a general hold on the Bombay workers and on the 29th December, 1947 it was able to bring out workers of all the Mills (with the exception of Colaba Land Mill) on a one day strike. The influence of the Red Flag Union is also on decline, although the members of the Communist Party are doing their utmost to keep up its prestige and influence. In future, the Rastriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh will have to face more opposition from the Mazdoor Sabha than the Red Flag Union."

"The weakness of the Sangh is further proved by the crushing defeat it has got in the election of workers' representatives from the various mills in the city. Of the representatives elected 70 per cent have been from the Mill Mazdoor Sabha and not more than 15 per cent from the INTUC Union. This is a further index to the loss of influence of the Sangh among the textile workers. To prop up the Union Mr. Nanda and his Government are using all their influence. Why not let the workers decide through a free election which union they want to represent them in the works committee?

"By the time R.M.M. Sangh was registered as a Qualified Union, its heavy defeat in the elections of the representatives showed that it had lost the confidence of the workers. In such circumstances, he Rcgistrar ought to have investigated a fresh the claim of the Union, especially because after December the position of the Sangh had become even more weak. Instead of such a fresh scrutiny, the Labour Minister has been trying to foist the nominees of the unrepresentative Sangh on the Works Committee."

Radio

BOMBAY, June 8.

244 metres (1,231 kc s) 7-30 a.m. G. G. Kharadkar 7-40 News (M) 7-15 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 G. G. Kharadkar 8-45 M. G. Gokhale.

12-0 p.m. Akashwanine Chotare 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Jaya Vaidya and Party 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Perry Como and The Satisfyers with Russ case and Orch. 2-0 The Radio Revellers 2-15 Lionel Hampton and His Orchestra.

4-20 A. S. Karandikar 4-40 Sarala Shrisundari 4-55 Eknath Prabhu 5-15 K. V. Desai 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 A. S. Karandikar 6-30 Mangala Apte 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Ghazalen 7-30 Ghar Bhadyane Dene AAE Sahakari Grihayojana. 7-45 p.m. Leela 8-0 K. V. Desai 8-15 News in Gujarati 8-30 Songs from "Swayanwar" 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Controlled Economy for India 10-0 Urban De Lima (Baritone) 10-15 Egon Petri (Piano) and The Minneapolis symphony Orchestra 10-30 Vere A. Dasilva —Violin.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s) 7-40 a.m. Geet Aur Ghazal 5-45 Sarala Shrisundari 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 a.m. Commercial News 8-0 K. V. Desai (Vocal Music) 9-0 Bhurjeekhan (Kolhapur) 10-0 Mangala Apte 10-30 Bhurjee Khan.

RAILWAY PRIORITIES

Bombay Regional Advisory Committee Explains Position

The Regional Advisory Committee for Railway Priorities, Bombay Region, holds bi-weekly meetings on Mondays and Thursdays to consider applications for priority assistance to articles not included in the Priority List and for unsponsored movements of items in the Priority List requiring special assistance. In their meetings held during this week, the Committee have recommended priority assistance to movement of asbestos fibre to Mulund Asbestos Cement Factory, super phosphate fertilisers etc. from Ambernath to Kolhapur and Bangalore Cantt., and newsprint from Bombay to Ahmedabad.

Numerous applications for priority assistance are being received every day. While it is a physical impossibility to upgrade the priorities in all cases, every endeavour is made to assist such movements as are vitaly important to this region. The transport capacity of the Railways is very heavily taxed at present by Government sponsored programme for movement of foodstuffs, manures for "Grow More Food" Campaign, cotton for textile mills, cotton piece goods sponsored by the Textile Commissioner, and cement required for urgent works in connection with the Refugees works in connection with the Refugees' Rehabilitation schemes and the Public are asked to bear this in mind before making any demand for priority movements.

To ensure movement of small consignments from Wadi Bunder, Carnac Bridge and B.P.T. Railways, standing quotas have been allotted under each priority class and also for non-priority traffic for consignments of less than full wagon- loads. With the introduction of this scheme, priority assistance for movement of small consignment from Bombay area should not normally be necessary and the sanction of such assistance will be confined only to very urgent movements.

MR. PIROJSHA P. DAVIERWALA HONOURED

Trustee Of Davier Parsi Anjuman

A Dahanu correspondent writes:— Mr. Pirojsha Pestonji Davierwala, one of the senior Trustees of the Davier Parsi Anjuman, lately submitted his resignation owing to his failing health. He rendered yeoman service and by his untiring efforts succeeded in swelling the fund of the Anjuman to Rs. 141,000 from a meagre Rs. 6,000. To mark the appreciation of his meritorious service a gathering was held at the Agiari where Parsis of the town and adjoining villages attended. After the Jashana was held Sardar Dinshaji Shapurji Davierwala, presiding, paid tributes to Mr. Pirojsha for his lifelong service to the Anjuman. An address was read by Mr. Hormasji Davierwala, Bar.-at-Law. It was encased in a silver casket and presented to Mr. Pestonji (also a shawl was presented) who thanked them all for the honour stating that what he had done was considered by him to be his sacred duty to the town and the community, and if his services were needed they were at their disposal. A portrait of Mr. Pirojsha will be unveiled in the near future.

Taking Over Of Refugee Camps Postponed

BOMBAY, June 7 (U.P.I.):

Contrary to earlier expectations, the Government of Bombay did not take over the administration of the refugee camps in the province from the Government of India today, June 7, the deadline set for it, it was learnt officially today.

It was explained that the taking over had to be postponed by some days as certain preliminaries and formalities were yet to be undergone. The administration of these camps would pass into the hands of the Government of Bombay as soon as these arrangements were completed.

It is further learnt that an I.C.S. man would be appointed as special Refugee Officer by the Bombay Government to take charge of these camps.

Cycling Snatch—Thief At Large.

Another person the Police are anxious to get in touch with is Kumar Narottam Kory a Gujarati Hindu aged about 23 years who is snatch theif.

He is suspected to have been concerned in series of such cases and is wanted at present by the Police. His modus operandi is to come on a cycle from the rear of an unwary pedestrian and snatch away the purse or a hand bag which the latter may be carrying or the gold chain which she may be wearing.

This cycling snatch thief usually operates on lonely stretches of road where there is no payment as his success depends upon being able to ride his cycle close enough to his victims to enable him to grab the necklace or hand bag in passing

Members of the Police especially ladies walking alone along descrted roads are advised to keep a sharp look out for this man and to report to the nearest policeman if his presence is suspected.

Any information regarding his present whereabouts will be gratefully received by the Police and may be given to any Police Station or Inspector Sami of the Detection of Crime Branch CI.D. The police Exchange telephone number is 39811.—"Police News".

Mr. V. L. Mehta

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Co-operation and Village Industries, will leave for Bhavnagar by air on Thursday (June 10) and after visiting Gadhada will return to Bombay via Ahmedabad on Saturday morning (June 12).

WEATHER

POONA, June 7. (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Monday, the 7th June, 1948:—

Observations from Western Pakistan, Assam and Central parts of the country are lacking.

Yesterday's cyclonic storm in West Arabian Sea has moved northwards and is centred at 8 hours (I. S. T.) near lat 22 degrees N., long. 63 degrees E. It is likely to continue to move north-wards.

Thunder-rain has occurred locally in sub-Himalayan Bengal, West Central India, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and north Hyderabad. A few thundershowers are also reported from Assam. Eastern Pakistan, Gujarat, the East Punjab, Mysore, Malabar and south-east Madras.

Day temperatures were markedly above normal in inland Orissa, Bihar, Chota Nagpur and the east Central Provinces.

Forecast Till 8th Evening

FORCAST UNTIL 8TH EVENING: Thundershowers will occur locally in Assam, eastern Pakistan, sub-Himalayan Bengal, south Baluchistan, west Deccan, the Konkan and Malabar. A few thundershowers are expected in Sind, West Central India, Gujarat, east Deccan, Mysore and north Madras Coast. Thunderstorms or dust-storms are likely locally in north Baluchistan and south Rajputana and will occur at a few stations in the west Central Provinces, north Rajputana, the North-West Frontier Province, North-West Punjab and Kashmir.

Daily Weather Chart

POONA, June 7. (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June, 1948, and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on 7th June, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 101 81 0.1 0.1 plus 0.1, Ahmednagar 98 73 0.5 1.1 plus 0.2, Allahabad 110 86 0 0 minus 0.2, Bangalore 79 69 0 2.8 plus 1.7, Baroda 104 83 0 0 —, Belgaum 89 70 1.1 1.1 plus 0.6, Bhopal 103 83 0 0 minus 0.5, Bhuj 99 83 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 96 83 00 minus 2.3, Calcutta 98 84 0 0.7 minus 1.4, Darjeeling 66 57 0 0.7 minus 1.6, Dehra Dun 98 71 0 0.7 plus 0.3, Delhi 103 83 0 0.1 0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 101 78 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Indore 100 78 0.7 0.7 plus 0.1, Jaipur 105 85 0 0 minus 0.1, Karachi 94 84 0 0 0, Madras 96 83 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Mahabaleshwar 81 65 0.3 0.3 minus 1.1, Mangalore 85 74 0.3 0.6 minus 6.4, Marmagao 92 — 0 0 minus 4.5, Ootacamund 69 49 0 0.6 minus 1.4, Poona 101 78 0 0 minus 0.9 Raichur 99 72 0 0.7 minus 0.2, Rajkot 108 82 0 0 0, Sholapur 102 76 0 0.4 plus 0.8, Simla 76 59 0 0.6 plus 0.2, Srinagar 79 55 0 0.3 0, Surat 88 84 0 0 minus 0.4.

Mr. Morarji Desai

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, will leave for Bardoli on Wednesday (June 9) and after a tour of the Bardoli Taluka, he will leave Surat for Ahmedabad on Saturday (June 12).

The Home Minister is due to arrive in Bombay from Ahmedabad on Monday (June 14).

Six Seats For City On A. I. C. C

Nominations Invited Before Thursday

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee notify:

In pursuance of the interim provisions made by the A.I.C.C. and of the instructions of the Working Committee to re-elect the members of the All India Congress Committee, the B.P.C.C. has decided to hold the election of six representatives to the A.I.C.C. from the Congress Province of Bombay City on Sunday, the 13th June 1948. Nominations duly proposed and seconded by at least one delegate from the Congress Province of Bombay City are, therefore invited from intending candidates so as to reach the office of the B.P.C.C. by Thursday, 10th June, 8 P.M. If there are more candidates than the number of seats on the A.I.C.C., the polling shall take place on Sunday 13th June 1948, at the Congress House between the hours 3 and 5 P.M. (two hours continuously).

The method of voting is "the Proportionate Representation by single transferable vote."

Nomination forms are available at the Congress House.

TEXTILE COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE

BOMBAY, June 7, (UPI): It has been brought to the notice of the Textile Commissioner that people standing in the queue applying for movement of cloth submit applications on behalf of different parties, states a press note issued by the Textile Commissioner's office, Bombay.

The press note adds that the Textile Commissioner has, therefore, decided that with immediate effect one person can present applications for movement on behalf of a single consignor and no applications will be entertained if they relate to more than one consignor and are presented by the same person.

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The Bombay Chronicle

All wish to possess knowledge but few, comparatively speaking, are willing to pay the price.
—JUVENAL.

INDIA MUST BE PAID

On the eve of the key meeting between himself, Mr. Ghulam Mohammad, his opposite number from Pakistan, and Sir Stafford Cripps, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, India's Finance Minister and leader of India's delegation on the tripartite sterling balance talks, described as "nonsense" all talk of scaling down or repudiating the sterling balances. This talk, which does not so far seem to have received public support from any official spokesman of Britain, stems from two considerations. One is the somewhat tall claim made by men like Mr. Winston Churchill, that England "saved" India and the sterling balances really represented the expenses in connection with the "saving". The other, which is more pragmatic, is the fact that the United States, which is extending aid to Britain in one form or another, insists that Britain reduce her indebtedness and be placed in a better position than her present state of indebtedness all round. The view of Britain's sterling creditors, of whom India, Pakistan and Egypt are the largest, is to dismiss the second argument as irrelevant because it presumes that Britain is not in a position to pay her debts, which is far from true. All she might need is some time to pay it. And in this matter she has already been accommodated to a very great extent and will be further accommodated according to the needs of the situation. Besides nobody insists, not India, at any rate, that all the £1,200 million that Britain owes should be paid in cash. Mr. Chetty has said that all that India expects is that after some time Britain should let India convert sterling into American dollars or Swiss Francs, so that she could buy goods in these countries. With this exception, India is willing to accept payment in goods and services.

And this should be not only an eminently reasonable proposition, but being so like the manner in which the sterling credits were accumulated, it should be a peculiarly appropriate manner of paying off the debts. How, after all, did the sterling balances accumulate? During the war, India was the biggest arsenal, storehouse and training-ground of the Allies. Britain was entirely master of India and so called upon this country to supply enormous goods needed for her war effort and render enormous services required by her troops and military establishment. The people of India, as Mr. Chetty has pertinently pointed out, had a standard of living which verged on starvation. They were asked to still further tighten their belts, make more sacrifices, forego their absolute needs along with their comforts and bend their back to the effort of providing supplies and services to the war machine. They did so and paid in death and suffering. The British Government, however, said that they would pay for these supplies and services. But money cannot flow out of ink wells in the British treasury. Therefore, they invented the fine device of writing up all money payable for goods and services to the credit of India in the ledgers of the Bank of England. And with these ledger entries as its security, the Reserve Bank of India was asked to print and issue an endless stream of currency notes.

This curious operation, which could not possibly have been permitted if India were a free country has had a devastating effect on the internal economy of India. The poor and middle classes suffered and the richer classes—the producers, the owners of factories, the war contractors, the big officials prospered and grew richer. After all, the Government of India paid them through the inflated currency. While a great deal of technical argument about the legal position of the Reserve Bank which is a concern of shareholders and so on is bandied about, this aspect of basic reality is often forgotten. In the process of writing up more and more figures to the credit of the Reserve Bank of India, what was really at stake was the suffering of the people of India by the steadily falling value of India's inflated currency. The producer and the war contractor was paid high prices—also because of inflation. The individual, who acted as the agent in the supply of goods and the rendering of services which gave rise to the sterling balances, was paid off his dues by the Government of India. But the figures in the Bank of England were written up to the credit of the Government of India, that is to say, the entire people of India. And now the Indian people are told: never mind your past suffering, money spent cannot be recalled, suffering endured had best be forgotten and now let us write off that debt which we owe you. And again, if the debt is written off, it is the common man that suffers, because that money is needed for the purchase of capital goods for India's reconstruction, and consumers' goods which India did without during the entire war period and would like to have at least now. This is an aspect of the problem which has not received adequate attention in this country and abroad; and it is an aspect which should be appreciated by the Socialist Government of Great Britain. In the building up of the sterling balances the rich few benefited at the sacrifice of the vast millions and now, if it is written down or written off, it is again the vast millions of India that will suffer.

Only the other day Jawaharlal Nehru was advising the delegates for the U.N.E.C.A.F.E., gathered at Ootacamund, that they should learn to look at the human aspect of economic problems. If people thought of economic problems in terms of human happiness or suffering, they may be more capable of satisfactory handling than if they treated it as a problem of juggling with figures or technical arguments. Pandit Nehru's advise should be borne in mind by India's delegation to the sterling talks and should be impressed on the Government of Britain which professes to have a soft corner for the well-being of India's teeming millions.

Delhi Warned

From three sources has come the warning that Delhi faces a whispering campaign and that rumour-mongers and rumour-mongering will be severely dealt with. We know where these whispers lead, and it is well that they are handled now rather than that the Government and the people wait for the day of trouble. It should not be difficult to round up trouble-makers and to put them out of harm's way. What cannot be tolerated is periodic recurrence of disturbances and a kind of perennial suggestion of insecurity. The Government, we are told, has the situation well in hand. Then it is necessary that it acts betimes. A clean up of Delhi with a detailed statement of the conditions which rendered such action necessary would have a far greater effect on raising public morale than all the appeals to close one's ears to rumour. After all, it is no easy matter to act on disbelief of stories regarding one's own security. However strong one's sceptism, it is natural for people to be careful rather than sorry afterwards and it is useless looking for heroic virtues in the ordinary citizen. How long is the peaceful, law-abiding citizen to go about in fear of the goonda? The trouble arises all from the fact that India's fight against communalism is not as sustained and whole-hearted as communalism's fight against India. It is no use waiting for communal feelings to run high before coming down on the evil. What is necessary is a continued unrelenting war which ends only with the eradication of separatist tendencies. Pandit Nehru in his Delhi public speech drew pointed attention to the evils of provincialism that are manifesting themselves. This too must be fought to a standstill. It is time that an all-out campaign was undertaken to purge Indian national life of all its weakening elements. And the first move must be against communalism. The first step in building up a healthy nationalism is to remove the least opportunity to be communal. Not only in politics but in every sphere of life the fight must be carried on relentlessly. There is no alternative if India is to grow into a vigorous nation. It is only when this battle has been joined and the forces of division are in retreat that the Government can justifiably say it has the situation well in hand.

RECONSTRUCTION OF W. EUROPE

Six-Power Conference Decisions

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter) : Vital steps forward in the economic reconstruction of Western Europe in partnership with a re-born democratic Germany were decided on by the Six-Power London Conference on Germany, it was announced today.

A copy of the second "communique" of the Conference, published today, has been sent to the Soviet Government as the fourth occupying Power in Germany.

It lists in detail the recommendations passed unanimously in London by the delegations of Britain, France, the United States, Belgium, Holland, Luxembourg. The outstanding agreements reached are.

(1) International control of the Ruhr, Germany's great industrial arsenal, by an authority composed of representatives of Britain, the United States, France, the Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg and Germany. The German representatives will, for the present, be chosen and their votes exercised by the occupying Powers concerned.

(2) Establishment of a Constituent Assembly for Western Germany. Military Governors of the three Western Occupation Zones of Germany are to convene a meeting of the ministers-president of the German States within their zones.

The Ministers-president will be authorised to convene a Constituent Assembly for the whole of Western Germany, charged with the task of preparing the constitution for a future west German Government.

(3) The creation of a Military security board for the Western Zones of Germany during the period in which the occupation of Germany is to continue. After the occupation of Germany has been terminated the six countries agree that a system of inspection and control of industry to secure disarmament and demilitarisation shall be maintained in the west.

HIMACHAL PRADESH CONGRESS COMMITTEE

SIMLA, June 7, (A. P. I.): Homage to the Father of the Nation, Mahatma Gandhi, was paid all standing, at the inaugural meeting today of the Himachal Pradesh Congress Committee called here to elect its office-bearers. Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, presided.

Acharya Jugal Kishore addressing yesterday the convention of the Himachal Pradesh workers explained the position of the Congress in the new set up of administration in India, especially the Himachal Pradesh, and the recent position of the A. I. C. C. and the Working Committee. He impressed upon them the necessity of constructive work of the Congress which, he said, was the only means of carrying Mahatma Gandhi's message to the masses.

Week In Parliament

"LORDS AND COMMONS HEADING FOR CLASH"

Debate On Reform Of Upper House

LONDON, (By Cable).
(BY ERNEST ATKINSON)

For the first time since 1914 a head-on clash between the House of Commons and the House of Lords is expected to develop next week. On Tuesday (June 8)), the Lords will resume the debate on the Parliament Bill which cuts the power of the Lords to delay legislation by veto from two years to one.

This debate was adjourned on January 27 to enable the Party leaders to examine the chances of working out an agreed reform of the House of Lords. During the following three months seven meetings were held. At the beginning of May, the Party leaders issued a statement showing that they had been unable to reach agreement on the powers the House of Lords should exercise, though they found that they could agree on general principles for modernising the membership of the House of Lords—which, at the moment, is composed of hereditary Peers, the two Archbishops and 24 Bishops and the senior Judges known as Law Lords.

But both the Government and the Opposition agree that, if there was to be a general reform of the House of Lords, both powers and membership must be considered together and because they could not agree on the powers of the Lords they abandoned the attempt to reform the membership. So now the Parliament Bill, which deals only with the power of the veto, must be either accepted or rejected. A vote will be taken on Wednesday (June 9) unless the Government make a sensational concession at the last minute and this seems most unlikely.

CONSTITUTIONAL SAFEGUARD

Lord Salisbury, on behalf of the Conservative Peers, will move the rejection of the Bill on the ground that to accept the reduction of the delaying period of the veto to one year "would go far towards establishing a single chamber Government and thereby deprive the country of a vital constitutional safeguard to its liberties."

There are some 850 Peers, Bishops and Judges entitled to sit in the House of Lords and of these only 50 support the Labour Government. So, though a fewer than 300 of those with seats in the House of Lords attend even the most important debates, there is no doubt that the Bill will be rejected if it comes to a vote. But though there is a very large hereditary Conservative majority in the House of Lords, the Opposition have not up to now used this majority to hold up Government legislation. Under the leadership of Lord Salisbury, they have accepted the modern constitutional theory that the function of the House of Lords is primarily to revise legislation. Government Ministers concede that they have done this conscientiously and well.

But the Conservatives also insist that the House of Lords should have in reserve power to hold up legislation which appears to be ill-judged and in need of second thoughts. By coincidence, the House of Lords were given a classic opportunity last week to use their power to refer a controversial proposal back to the Commons. They rejected the clause in the Criminal Justice Bill which suspends the operation of death penalty for an experimental period of five years. Opinion polls have shown that at least two-thirds of the general public are opposed to abolishing death penalty at the moment. So when the Parliament Bill is debated next week, the Lords can claim that they are acting in accord with public opinion in rejecting the death penalty clause.

POINT OF PROCEDURE

Argument about the length of time the Lords veto should operate revolves round a technical point of Parliamentary procedure The period of delay runs from the time a Bill is first debated in the House of Commons. At present, the Commons must pass a Bill three times and two years must elapse from the original second reading of the debate before it can become law in spite of the opposition of the Lords. The Labour Government say that this means they are at the mercy of the Conservative majority in the Lords for the last two sessions of the five years of Parliament. They want to have power to force bills through against the will of the Lords, if need be, in the fourth session, so they propose to make the veto good for only 12 months.

The debates on Tuesday and Wednesday (June 8 and 9) will be of the highest quality. Lord Salisbury, the Conservative leader, comes from a family of statesmen descended from the Cecils who served Queen Elizabeth and King James I. His grandfather, who was one of Queen Victoria's Prime Ministers, and his father both had plans for reforming the House of Lords. His fellow Peers have great respect for his political sagacity.

The Government leader in the Lords, Lord Addison, who shows remarkable mental and physical youth, will be 79 this month. He is one of the best liked, as well as the oldest Minister in the Government. Lord Samuel, the Liberal leader, is a year younger and just as youthful. He has been the President of the British Institute of Philosophy since 1931 and combines deep knowledge of political philosophy with a gift for seeing political possibilities of compromise.

This great constitutional issue will overshadow all else in Parliament next week. There are, in fact, no counter attractions, with the Commons engaged on the routine business of the later stages of the Gas Bill and the Finance Bill and some other less important Bills.

United Kerala And Malabar Province

By K. MUKUNDAN

If South Kanara, Malabar, Coorg, Nilgiris, Cochin and Travancore joined together, they will possess an area of 21,000 sq. miles, a population of 1 1/4 crores and a sufficiently large revenue".

SEPARATE ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS

Kerala consists of three or more administrative units. The boundary of ancient Kerala was said to be South Kanara in the north and Cape Comorin in the south. It included Tulunad, South Kanara, Coorg, Nilgiris, Malabar, Cochin, and Travancore. But some of these parts became separated from Kerala by the historical incidents of Modern India. But, even now, Gudalur, Kasargode, Malabar, Cochin and Travancore are called Kerala, though they are in three administrative constituents. Cochin and Travancore are the Indian states where the princes are the complete autocrats though responsible governments are functioning and the other parts are under a separate regime in which representative government holds full power.

LINGUISTIC AFFINITIES AND CUTURAL UNITY

These divided parts of Kerala are bound to join together for the mutual benefit of the people and for the administrative convenience of the land. The Constituent Assembly has decided reconstituting the provinces considering the physical features, economic needs, administrative convenience, cultural and linguistic affinities. In 1920, the National Congress, which considered freedom a living issue, had divided India into 21 linguistic provinces in which Kerala was separated as a province. The Montagu-Chelmsfor Report, which supported the linguistic division had stressed some condition for its implementation:—

"But not only language has to be considered. The common economic interest physical features, the social structure and the equality between towns and villages are the prominent issues before those who make an attempt at it."

The leaders of India have declared that changes in the present structure of the provinces are essential. This fact has been abundantly clarified in the message sent by Syt. Kripalani to the Trichur Convention of United Kerala. He said: "I noticed that linguistically and culturally the people of Kerala are one though the land is politically divided into three units. I hope that one day the separate parts of Kerala will realise their common destiny as a single harmonious unit within the larger Indian Union though I am not in favour of the claim of each and every linguistic areas to be constituted irrespective of economic and other considerations."

It has been mooted that only the Malayalam-speaking regions of Kerala be consisted into one province because of the technical objections which lie behind the linguistic difficulties.

Although Kanarese is the common language in North Kanara it is said in the district manual that the home language of Brahmins is a kind of Kanarese which is used in Malayalam pronunciation. It further adds: "Even today, the important domuments are written in Malayalam script by Havig Brahmins". They keep their books and family documents in Tulu language written in Malayalam scripts. Next to the Brahmins, are the castes of Haluvkies Gamxka, Halipyk, Mukri, Kumarpyk and Harakandra. There is no resemblance between them and the others in Bombay province. The culture of these people are entirely interconnected with the people of Malabar and Tulunad.

The social order and the cultural unity of the people of Tulunad are closely connected with the people of Malabar. So, it is inevitable for them to join together with Kerala for their own mutual benefit.

In Kasergode which is a taluk in Kanara district the Malayalam-speaking population is well over 70 p.c. The census report 1931 states:—

"Prevailing mother tongue Malayalam. Tulu (16 p.c.) Kanarese (8 pc.) and Marathi (4 p.c.) are also retained. These are found almost entirely north of Chandragiri river."

So, it is clear beyond suspicion that the Kesargode taluk must be merged with Kerala province.

DEMARCATION OF EASTERN BOUNDARIES

Coorg and Nilgiri district come to be the eastern boundary of Kerala. Although Coorg is arger than Nilgiri, it has a population of more than 168.726. The total number of Malayalis who are there as workers on estates are 30,000. The people of Coorg have a linguistic relation and cultural resemblance with Malayalis. Thacholi Othenan, the well-known physical culturist of Kerala, raided Coorg and expelled the Coorg King named Kunhikannan. Even today, the people of Coorg whose home is supposed to be Kerala, speak Malayalam. Moreover, as the products of Coorg are exported through the port of Kerala, economically she must depend upon her.

Nilgiri district is bound to join the Union of Kerala, because of historical reasons and of ultural resemblance. Gudalur taluk of Nilgiri district was composed of Nilgiri-Wayanad and the Ouchterlony Valley. The whole of this tract formally belonged to Malabar for administrative reasons. Ouchterlony valley was transferred to Nilgiri in 1873. The Census report of 1931 says about this taluk:—

"Prevailing mother-tongue Malayalam, Kanarese, Tamil, Telugu, and Kurumba are spoken mainly by the imported coolies and others who form a floating population."

But, the people of Kanara, Tulunad, Coorg and Nilgiri are to decide whether they themselves merge into the union of Kerala. There must not be outside pressure in deciding their future destiny.

ADMINISTRATIVE CONVENIENCE

What is its economic and administrative sufficiency in comparison to other national units?

AREA	SQ. MILES	POPULATION	INCOME OF REVENUE Rs.
Travancore	7662	6070018	8¼ crores
Cochin	1494	1422875	33451479
Malabar	5790	3929425	26320445
S. Kanara	4045	1523516	15000000
Nilgiri	989	209709	No correct account
Coorg	1593	168726	

STRUCTURE OF THE LANDS IN SQ. MILES

TOTAL AREA	FORES1	CULTIVATING LANDS	WET LANDS
Travancore 7662	2403	4030	858
Cochin 1494	585	797	323
Malabar 5790	560	2355	878
S. Kanara 4045	..	....	....
Nilgiri 989	..	....	....
Coorg 1593	..		

POPULATION

	Total	Hindus	Muslims	Indian Christians	Tribes	Others.
Travancore	6070018	2542399	434150	1958491	132682	9296
Cochin	1422875	896950	102188	399394	5183	12160
Malabar	3929425	2478653	1337760	75052	34368	3594
S. Kanara	523516	1108147	214109	139008	52312	9943
Nilgiri	209909	102766	17581	62919	6295t	5412
Coorg	168726	130753	14730	3309	19723	211

There are many many provinces lesser populations than in United and states in India and the demi-Kerala. nions and countries in the world with

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Freedom—For Whom?

Gibbon in his famous "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire" observes that the early Christians when they asked for freedom of worship meant only freedom for themselves. When the mantle of power fell on their shoulders, they were inclined to judge heresies strictly. The remark applies with equal force and much greater meaning to the Communists who are so loud in protesting against official action. In a recent article in the "Peoples's Age", the two-party basis of Democracy is attacked most vigorously. This must be regarded as the warning hiss before the bite. The two-party theory can be and has been carried to ridiculous excess. But that does not mean that it should not be tolerated. It used to be asserted as the triumph of Parliamentary Democracy that it could bear with Communism but Communism could not suffer opposition in any form. This is fast proving false. The two systems are allergic to one another. Only Western Democracy still retains mental qualms in not being able to extend tolerance to Communism. It breaks through in Government statements and in the utterances of individual members of Government.

Social Content Of Freedom

In all discussions on freedom of expression, it is unfortunate that one vital aspect has been left untouched. It is the social content of freedom. When in earlier days free speech was championed, it was always on the ground that the minority should be protected. Unfortunately, conditions today are very different. In a world where everyone makes politics his business or pleasure, where issues are incilned to rouse not only heated opposition but even appeals to force and violence, it is necessary to appreciate what freedom we really want and how much we are prepared to allow others. This will be an unpopular opinion but it is time some one incurred the odium and gave expression to it. Is a man to be permitted to speak his views—we deliberately refrain from the word 'mind'—regardless of the consequences to the society he lives in of what he says? Are we prepared to defend the communalist when he incites his community against the others on the ground of free speech? If a man is checked from inciting others to murder and arson and loot, is he deprived unjustly of his freedom? On all these points, it is easy to obtain agreement among reasonable persons. But then these are never the issues of controversy. Even the other controversies would never arise but for a certain undeveloped state of public opinion. Normally, the public itself will see to it that the limits of fair criticism and justifiable comment are not transcended. And, in fact, the rights of free speech are never better pressed than when they are pressed with restraint. The more vehemently it is argued, the more doubts it raises in the public mind as to the stringency of the restrictions against which the protest is raised. In India the difficulty lies in the fact that the Government too often desires to impose restrictions and itself pass opinion on the necessity for them. And because of the restrictions, it has practically no supporters; for it is a natural tendency not to rush to the defence of one who feels able to look after himself.

Why Blame Communism?

Extremes have met in France. The de Gaullists, says a Paris report, have joined French left-wing groups in launching a frontal attack against ratification of the London six-power agreement on Germany's economic future. The left-wing groups, that is, generally the Communists, are opposed to the agreement because it is part of the Western Union scheme, set up to oppose Soviet Russia and the advance of communism into Western Europe. The de Gaullists, the extreme rightists of France, are opposed to the agreement because they simply cannot bear to see Germany recover economically even under practically permanent Allied control. So far as they are concerned, Germans reduced by the war to the status of destitute creatures, must be kept there. Now, the de Gaullists are the most vociferous in denouncing communism and calling on the peoples of Western Europe to rise and resist the communist menace. But they must resist the possible rise of Germans even by joining left-wingers. This they are cheerfully doing because they are impelled by narrow national prejudices and ambitions. The result is the weakening of the front against communism. Marxists speak of the powerful assistance that is rendered to communism by the inherent contradictions of bourgeois-capitalist society. One of the contradictions is represented by conflicts of the nationalism of General de Gaulle. If communism gains as it must from these contradictions, why blame communists, the Soviet Union and Communism?

Owners' Plan Against Prices

The Ahmedabad Millowners' Association has just issued a statement outlining its own plan for bringing down high prices of cloth. These include the restriction of demand, provision of proper distribution machinery, Government controlled fair price shops or consumers' co-operative and free movement. On the face of it there does not seem to be anything unusual, much less objectionable in these sugestions. But one wonders how a free market can be reconciled with restrictions in demand. The millowners want a free market so much, that they have suggested that even the present system of regional quotas should be abolished as this creates a glut in certain markets when the same goods are badly needed elsewhere. If the whole idea is to reduce prices, it is difficult to see what is the harm in a glut. After all a glut must help in bringing down prices. Besides the quota system is intended to eliminate frequent movements of goods in search of better markets. And considering that the Association thinks that transport is the biggest problem, its demand for the removal of quotas does not seem to fit in properly except on the footing of avoiding a glut which might lower price levels. In fact the Association betrays itself while dealing with transport. Almost as an aside the statement asserts that the present transport difficulties were not experienced when the railways were run as a private enterprise. The implication, of course, is that state ownership is bad and private ownership good. The only question is, good for whom? The textile industry is still run as a private enterprise; and with what result? People in glass houses should not throw stones at others.

Better No Storm

Weather prophets are proverbially fickle—so is the weather. But with the weather as tormenting and cruel as it has been for the last few days, one naturally turns, albeit wearily to the weather prophets for some comfort. Prophecies of the outbreak of the monsoon days ahead may not mitigate the nuisance of restless, sleepless nights or of prickly, perspiring days. But it is something to know that we are somewhere near the beginning of the end. Considering that temperatures in Madras and elsewhere are on a record breaking run it may seem that Bombay has not much to complain. But the heat here has an insiduous quality, that makes it more dangerous than plain temperature. For one thing it makes Bombay people envy even a town like Delhi because of the storm that passed over it. But meteorologists tell us that a storm, which was approaching Bombay somewhere from the Arabian Sea, changed its mind and suddenly turned towards Karachi. That city which is already the subject of stormy debate between two sections of Pakistani people one claiming it exclusively for Sind and another for all Pakistan, may not find it easy to accommodate another storm. But if Bombay were so much as to suggest the diversion of the storm, it may become an issue for U. N. Commission on Kashmir to "study and report": and we definitely prefer prickly heat to U. N. intervention in our affairs.

Tête-à-Tête

WITHOUT COMMENT

LAS ANGELES: A Burmese delegate U. Ba Win, told the delegates to the World Assembly of the Moral Rearmament: Movement "Burma, since she gained her independence, has no food problem, no housing shortage and no clothing shortage. She is only bankrupt, but we will get along just fine."
—Reuter

* * *

In the event of the Government of India rejecting their alternative proposals, the Hyderabad delegation were, according to a news agency information, to suggest a plebiscite in Hyderabad.

But it has not yet been explained whether the plebiscite will be conducted exclusively by Mr. Kasim Razvi or under the joint auspices of the Nizam's Government and Razvi's Ittehad.

* * *

Addressing a public meeting at Delhi, the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said how because of geographical and economic compulsions "Hyderabad neither can nor should leave India".

But Hyderabad itself neither cares nor wants to leave India."

* * *

India, added the Prime Minister, would not tolerate that the people of Hyderabad should live in perpetual slavery.....

He is quite mistaken. The position is entirely different. The people of Hyderabad are being offered a status and opportunities calculated to help them develop their "self-respect", "independence" and their life in accordance with their special "nature and abilities".

What? Are we quoting Dr. Malan or Kasim Razvi? The question doesn't arise when there is identity of affinity.

* * *

Students of the Dacca University have, we note, protested against the action of the East Pakistan Government against Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy.

The answer is simple. The protest proves that Mr. Suhrawardy has been winning over misguided supporters for his sinister conspiracy against Pakistan and East Bengal.

Alternatively, the protest is a myth and anti-Pakistan propaganda by Indian enemies; there is no Dacca University and there are no Dacca University students.

* * *

Arrangements are reported to be afoot for holding the next session of the Asian Relations Conference at Hankow, in China in April 1949.

But which China will Hankow be in, April 1949?

* * *

The President of the American Zionist Organisation has protested to the Security Council against the Chairmanship of Faris el-Khoury and that "it is a travesty of justice for the Arabs as well as the British to exercise their votes in the Security Council in the dispute to which they are both parties".

Quite right. Faris el-Khoury should be replaced by Mr. Warren Austen or Mr. Andrei Gromyko and they alone, moreover, should exercise their votes.

* * *

MOSCOW: June 6. — The Soviet Minister of Railways Ivan Kovalov, has been relieved of his duties "owing to transfer to other work" it was officially announced here today.

This report, we hope, has caused great excitement on the other side of the iron curtain.

Trent Bridge: Venue Of First Test Match

By Lewis Richmond

DECEMBER 24, 1798, IS A SIGNIFICANT DATE IN THE ANNALS OF ENGLISH CRICKET, FOR IT WAS ON THAT CHRISTMAS EVE THAT THE WIFE OF A BRICKLAYER NAMED CLARKE, LIVING ON BUNKER'S HILL, NOTTINGHAM, GAVE BIRTH TO A SON CHRISTENED WILLIAM. FORTY YEARS AFTER HIS BIRTH, WILLIAM CLARKE BEGAN TO LAY OUT A CRICKET GROUND CLOSE TO THE BANKS OF THE 'SILVERY TRENT', WHICH, IN THE COURSE OF TIME, BECAME KNOWN AS TRENT BRIDGE, THE HEADQUARTERS OF NOTTINGHAMSHIRE CRICKET, WHERE, EVERY FOUR YEARS, THE FIRST TEST MATCH AGAINST THE AUSTRALIANS IS PLAYED BEFORE AN EAGER CROWD.

Since then, many glorious triumphs and many humbling downfalls have been witnessed on the green sward, which has become famous in every corner of the world where cricket is talked about, by the enthusiasts who gather there to watch the Test Matches and county games.

In present times, we are probably inclined to laugh a little at the thought of the cricket played in the days of William Clarke, when famous batsmen like Fuller Pilch tried vainly to master the under-arm 'slows' of 'Old Clarke', with bats shaped like hockey sticks; when it was considered 'dandyism' to wear batting gloves, and bitter complaints were made against the gentlemen who, 'to preserve their precious fingers....play in stuffed mittens'. But, even so, cricket was just as much a game of skill in those days as it is today.

Another man who was a great, early influence on cricket at Trent Bridge was George Parr, sometimes called 'The Lion of the North', captain of England and Nottinghamshire in 1891, who played his first, big match there at the age of 19. Parr is immortal by reason of his leg-hits—very often out of the ground, but more often landing in an elem, the remains of which are still standing at Trent Bridge, known to all cricket-lovers as 'George Parr's Tree'.

According to official records, the visit of May, 1878, has become recognised as the first appearance of an Australian team at Trent Bridge, but, in actual fact, there was an Australian side composed of Aborigines who played there against Notts Commercial Club in 1868. The printed score-card of the match, which hangs in the Pavilion, includes the following quaintly named men in their side: Redcap, Dick-a-Dick, Mullagh, Tiger, Twopenny, Jim Crow, and Mosquito.

Although one immediately associates the name 'Long Room' with Lord's, there is another Long Room built much in the same manner in the pavilion at Trent Bridge. Here can be seen many treasures and relics of the cricketing days of old. What an excellent collection of photographs hangs on the walls! There is one of King George V talking to that great, match-winning bowler, Harold Larwood, during the West Indian match in 1938; while, just outside in the corridor, along which many famous men have walked, hang drawings by 'Spy'

In the Long Room itself there stands a unique collection of cricket bats, which, in the past, have been used by all greatest English, Australian and Nottingham cricketers. There is a bat once belonging to Fuller Pilch, which he doubtless used on many occasions when playing the cunning 'slows' of William Clarke. On the back is his photograph, as a reminder to the wicket-keeper probably that a great man was at the crease, or perhaps just in case the bat was mislaid.

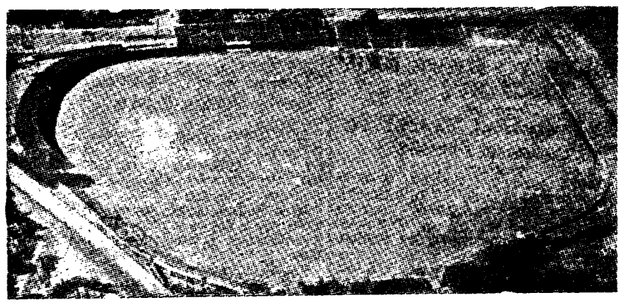
The library contains many volumes on cricket, including one called "How to play William Clarke". Has any other bowler been paid such a compliment?

No cricket ground can be so termed without a good groundsman; and for over 40 years, prior to his death, Mr. Walter Marshall looked after the wicket at Trent Bridge, and there was not a blade of grass on it that Walter did not know all about. He was undoubtedly a 'character', and one story is still told about his younger days.

When captaining the Club and Ground XI a north-country game at the end of a very dry August, Marshall had two really fast bowlers playing under him. On going out to examine the wicket, before the match began he found, to his surprise, that it was quite soft, and certainly slow. 'The dew is very heavy here this time of the year', the home groundsman volunteered. 'Doo!' said Walter very deliberately. 'Doo! that doo came out of a tap, that doo did'.

Between the two world wars, great improvements were made on the ground, which now accommodates, in covered and in uncovered stands, 30,000 people, with provision for 6,000 members. In 1934, on the Monday when England played Australia 30,250 people were present. During the second world war, the buildings were commandeered by the military but, fortunately, the turf was left untouched, except by Hitler, when he dropped a 500-pound bomb and over 225 incendiaries on the ground.

Since then, many thousands of pounds have been spent in repairs, and now Trent Bridge is ready for the 1948 season—and the first Australian Test Match, which begins on June 10, when the cream of English cricketers will meet the cream from 'Down Under'. As we sit and watch the ball skimming swiftly across the green turf to the boundary, we shall pause a moment to think of William Clarke 'lobbing 'em down', and George Parr cracking them into his tree on this same ground in the dim-distant days of cricket at Trent Bridge.—("London Calling").



TRENT BRIDGE

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
NEW YORK, June 7.

Previous Closing	33.28
Today's Opening	33.22
Difference	—6
Today's Closing	33.40
Difference	+12

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, June 7.

	Rs. As.
Silver Bullion Forward	170 0
Silver Chamber	170 8
Gold Forward	114 11
Sovereign	75 4

NEW YORK STOCKS.
NEW YORK, June 7.
Stock Exchange opening prices :—
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors $62-1/4.
United States Steel Common $78-1/2.
Preference unquoted.—(Reuter.)

Stop Press

ARAB LEADERS TO MEET IN CAIRO.

CAIRO, June 7, (Reuter): Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, conferred here tonight with Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations' mediator for Palestine.

Representatives of the member States of the Arab League will meet in Cairo tomorrow to discuss the Arab attitude to Count Bernadotte's terms regarding the Security Council's four-weeks truce proposal.

INDIA & FORMER ITALIAN COLONIES.

LONDON, June 7, (Reuter): India was today called upon, as fourth of the "interested states" whose views are now being heard by the Foreign Ministers' Special Deputies for the former Italian colonies, to state her case on the disposal of these territories.

No details of India's views were disclosed, but it was learned that Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, India's High Commissioner in London, might make a statement on Wednesday.

RUSSIAN OPPOSITION TO 6-POWER PLAN.

BERLIN, June 7, (Reuter): Russia is expected to issue within 24 hours a strongly worded refusal to recognise any of the Six Power London decision on the future of Western Germany announced today.

Marshall Vassili Sokolovsky, Russian Commander in Germany, and his advisers, after day long discussion of the plan, decided today that future Four Power co-operation on Germany was out of the question, according to German political circles

DRAFT CONSTITUTION FOR TRAVANCORE.

TRIVANDRUM, June 7, (U. P. A.): The Travancore Constituent Assembly today appointed a committee, including Prime Minister Thanu Pillai and six other members, to prepare and submit a draft constitution for the State within three months.

SECURITY COUNCIL TO DISCUSS NEHRU'S LETTER.

LAKE SUCCESS, June 7, (Reuter): The Security Council will meet at 6-30 p.m. (.M.T.), that is, midnight (I.S.T.) tomorrow, to discuss the letter received from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Indian Prime Minister, declaring that the Kashmir Commission could not proceed to implement the resolution on Kashmir "until objections by the Government of India have been satisfactorily met".

VAN MOOK INVITES DR. HATTA

Indonesia's International Status To Be Discussed

BATAVIA, June 7, (Reuter): Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, Lieutenant Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies, tonight invites Dr. Mohamed Hatta, President of the Indonesian Republic, to Batavia for direct talks on the disputes between them.

International status of the Republic is one of the most urgent of these questions.

A Dutch communique earlier said it was hoped a further step by Dr. Van Mook would end "unfounded excitement" over the situation.

No reply had yet been received to the invitation, a Dutch spokesman said. Nor was there any answer yet to a note which two special delegates took to Dr. Hatta last week—thought to contain a protest against an agreement with Russia signed in Prague by Dr. Suripno, representative of the Indonesian Republic, for an exchange of Consular representatives.

It was believed here that the Republicans would tell the Dutch they accepted the clause in last January's "Renville" agreement in which Dutch sovereignty is recognised until the present negotiations end in the setting up of a United States of Indonesia.

The previous day President Soekarno urged the people to "translate into action" the unity they had pledged last month—presumably referring to the manifesto in which the Republican parties urged unity to maintain their foreign relations.

Viet Nam Ordinance Rescinded

PARIS, June 7, (Reuter): General Nguyen Van Xuan, Prime Minister of the Central Viet Nam Government, has rescinded the Ordinance published during the weekend establishing a new governmental and administrative structure for Viet Nam, the French Press agency reported today from Seigon.

Under the Ordinance, the Central Government would have been assisted by a Privy Council, a Provisional National Assembly and a mixed Council representing Viet Nam's various economic interests.

News in Brief

NARA (Japan), June 7 (UPA)—The Nara temple's ancient bronze Buddha, the oldest and largest in Japan was serenaded with western music Saturday for the first time in its 13,000 year history. A 120-piece symphony orchestra played Beethoven's fifth Symphony and Belegin's "Dance of the Tartar's" in a programme which featured choral singing of Japanese religious music. Three-thousand persons attended the Buddhist ceremony.

NEW YORK, June 7 (Reuter)—Gen. Dwight Eisenhower became Columbia University's 13th President today—four years and a day after leading the Allied invasion of Europe.

SIMLA, June 7 (API)—The East Punjab Government have placed a sum of rupees ten lakhs at the disposal of the Education Department for payment of compensation to institutions on account of loss in fee income, resulting in their forced closure, it is officially stated today.

MADRAS, June 7 (API)—Mr. K.G. Menon, Joint Secretary to the Madras Government in the Development Department, will proceed to San Francisco on deputation as Adviser of the Indian Delegation to the International Labour Conference to be held this month, it is officially announced here today.

DACCA, June 7 (API)—Pakistan's Finance Minister, Mr. Ghulam Muhammad (Muslim League) was today declared elected to the Pakistan Consembly from the East Bengal Legislative Assembly Muslim Members' Constituency in the by-election.

MADRAS, June 7 (API)—The Madras Government today, sanctioned a grow-more food scheme providing irrigational facilities to Kollipara in the Tenali in Andhradesa at a cost of Rs. 2,06,500. The scheme is expected to bring under cultivation about 1600 acres.

MADAAS, June 7 (API)—The Madras Cabinet today decided to extend the educational concessions admissible to the children of ex-servicemen to the children of I.N.A. personnel. The Cabinet also decided to make suitable grants to the Andhra University to open the M.Sc. course in geo-physics from the ensuing academic year.

NEW DELHI, June 7 (API)—A daring dacoity in broad daylight took place in the bullion market yesterday when a young man snatched currency notes amounting to Rs. 3,900 from a man while he has counting them at the shop of a local bullion merchant. The culprit who attempted to escape was given a hot pursuit and captured, and was handed over to the police.

The ban on sale of arms and ammunition to any licence holder by the dealers in the Bijapur District, except under a special permit from the District Magistrate, has been extended for a further period of two months from June 9.

MADRAS, June 7 (API)—Two-hundred Communist detenus in the Vellore Central Jail, who were on hunger-strike since May 23 demanding their release, called off the strike yesterday, according to information received by the Madras Government.

Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister in Charge of Prisons, stated today that the detenus have broken their fast unconditionally.

HYDERABAD, Pune 7 (API)—Hyderabad Independence Day will be celebrated tommorrow all over the State. This celebration has no connection with August 15, 1947, but is an annual affair in celebration of the Nizam's declaration of independence from the Mughals 200 years ago.

HYDERABAD, June 7 (A.P.I.)—The Hyderabad Government has withdrawn warrants of arrest against six Communists.

Cease-Fire Deadline Extended

Interned Jews In Cyprus Go On 24-Hour Hunger Strike

AMMAN JUNE 7 (REUTER) DEADLINE FOR THE CEASE FIRE IN PALESTINE HAS BEEN PROVISIONALLY EXTENDED FROM NOON TODAY UNTIL THURSDAY, IT WAS LEARNED HERE.

This extension was made to allow Count Folke Bernadotte the United Nations Mediator, to clear up the Jewish immigration issue, reported to be the main stumbling block to Arab agreement on a truce.

The Count is expected in Baghdad today for talks with Iraqi leaders.

Yesterday, in a two-and-a-half hours flying visit to this mountain capital of Transjordan, he conferred with King Abdullah.

In the last week—since the Security Council's order for a 4 weeks Palestine truce—he was visited Cairo, Amman, Beirut, Haifa and Tel Aviv.

NEW JERUSALEM SHELLED

As the Mediator continued his peace-making efforts, Egyptian Light Mobile forces advanced on New Jerusalem, which is in Jewish hands, and shelled the southern outskirts.

Reporting this a Cairo Communique said the advance was made from the Egyptian base at Bethlehem, 4 miles from New Jerusalem.

Egyptian artillery shelled Zionist armoured concentrations, causing "great losses", the Communique claimed. It added that Jewish attacks on the Egyptian front lines were repulsed.

On the Northern Palestine front Syria claimed that 250 Jews were killed or wounded when Syrian and Lebanese troops, in a combined attack, occupied the villages of Malkiya and Kadar. Twelve Syrians were casualties, a Damascus Communique said. The Communique also said that 80 Jews were killed or wounded when Syrian artillery shelled the Haganah post of Kinnereth, south-west of Lake Tiberias

The Syrian bombardment of Mishmar Hayraden, south of Lake Huleh was continuing last night after Syrian forces encircled the settlement yesterday causing 150 Jewish casualties, the Communique said.

Iraqi air force planes "extensively" bombed Al-Afoula, in the Tulkarm area, causing damage and explosions, an Iraqi Communique said in Baghdad.

Iraqi units occupied Shuaikai village, south of Tulkarm, after the enemy had been forced to flee leaving a number of dead and injured, the Communique added. Prisoners were taken and a large quantity of arms were seized, it was stated.

The Arab League announced yesterday that Saudi Arabian troops with armoured cars, tanks and artillery were fighting with Egyptian troops in Palestine.

An Israel Communique from Tel Aviv last night denied Arab reports that the Hadassah hospital and the Hebrew University in the New City of Jerusalem had surrendered.

HUNGER STRIKE

Under a military proclamation issued in Cairo Zionist goods, for any destination, will be seized if ships carrying them call at Egyptian ports.

Political police are keeping a close watch for "fifth column" movements along Iraq's frontiers, a Baghdad message said.

Orders have been issued that all persons entering Iraq must be searched.

A 24-hour hunger strike for today was declared by some 24,000 Jews interned in Cyprus as a protest against the British order. They have cabled M. Trygve Lie, the U.N. Secretary-General "warning against the consequences of the ban".

DATE FOR PALESTINE TRUCE FIXED?

AMMAN, June 6. (Reuter): The date for a truce in Palestine has now been fixed provisionally for Thursday, June 10. it was reliably learned here tonight. The disclosure followed a two and a half hour flying visit by Count Folke Bernadotte to the Transjordan capital where he conferred with King Abdullah and the Foreign Minister.

Anniversary Celebrations Of Moral Rearmament

CARDIFF (Wales), June 6. (Reuter): In spite of heavy rain some 2,500 people attended tenth anniversary celebrations of moral rearmament in the grounds of flag-decked Cardiff Castle to-day.

Special trains were run from London and Birmingham and buses came from as far afield as Manchester, in the industrial north, and Bournemouth, the south coast holiday resort.

The French Prime Minister M. Robert Schuman said in a message: "I salute moral rearmament, the protagonist of inspired democracy which is destined to restablish the primacy of spiritual values in the heart of our distracted world".

The Lord Mayor of Cardiff Alderman R. G. Robinson described the 'forgotten factor" which had been running here in connection with the celebrations as a lesson in "how to recapture the spirit of comradeship existing in the war".

"To-day when we are still fighting our lives in a different way that unity is as essential as ever it was", he added.

"In the war we give a spiritual lead to the world".

"The world is still looking to us for that lead and this rally can be a beginning"

RAZAKAR RAID ON DUDHNI

Indian Police Repulse Attack On Station

SHOLAPUR, June 7, (U.P.I.): According to reports received here, Dudhni, the last railway station of the Indian Union on the G.I.P. Railway, was attacked by a band of armed Razakars on Sunday evening. The Indian Police present at the station, with the help of the people, however, repulsed their attack. In this fight, one Razakar was killed and several were wounded.

Owing to this incident, the Raichur Passenger suffered considerable detention at Dudhni and arrived here one hour late.

SIMLA, June 3, (UPI): Acharya Jugol Kishore, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. addressing the Himachal Pradesh Congress workers, assured them of A.I.C.C.'s help in uplifting the hill-people. He said that the Congress had always fought for the under-dogs and it would do its best for these people.

He also advised them to follow the Constructive Programme of Mahatma Gandhi.

R

For MAKING FALSE ENTRY in the Cash Memo, Rs. 150 have been ordered to be forfeited from the deposit of RAOJI VIJPAR, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 171, 55A, Agakhan Building, Jacob Circle, Haines Road, Bombay.

For issuing short measures to customers, Rs. 100 have been ordered to be forfeited from the deposit of KUNDANMAL HIMATMAL, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. A/19, Station Road, Jogeshwari.

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Because this tyre runs on more air at lower pressure, it absorbs all shocks—does not pass them on to you and your car.

SUPER ECONOMY

In addition to giving you long mileage, this tyre saves you money on maintenance. Fewer jobs and jams reach your car, so there are fewer trips to the repair shop.

ANOTHER Firestone FIRST!

JOGJAKARTA DENIAL CLEARS SITUATION

ECAFE To Go Ahead With Admission Question

OOTACAMUND, June 7. (A.P. I.) : Jogjakarta press report that the Indonesian Republican Government has denied their acceptance of Dutch sponsorship for Republican membership of E.C.A.F.E. has ended the suspense which hung over the conference during the week-end.

Mr. Sitarama Reddy, who is acting as the leader of the Indian Delegation in the absence of Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, was glad to receive the Reuter report on the Jogjakarta Denial as it cleared up the situation.

The Indonesian question comes up for discussion again on Wednesday when the E.C.A.F.E. meets in plenary session. If by then, the Jogjakarta denial is officially confirmed then the alternative before the Commission will be a straight vote on the question of admitting Indonesian Republic or postponement of decision to the next session.

The debate on Saturday on this question showed substantial support for the postponement move, though in a small body of thirteen voting members it is possible to forecast how a few key votes may be cast. Burma, India, Pakistan and Russia have in earlier debates expressed themselves in favour of an immediate decision while France, Netherlands, Phillippines, United Kingdom and U.S.A. have voted for postponement. China remained neutral on Saturday. In these circumstances it is difficult to forecast what the final decision of the Commission will be on Wednesday.

Conon Doyle Fascinated By Mysore Tonga

MYSORE, (IPS): Mr. Davis Conon Doyle son of Arthur Conon Doyle the famous mystery thriller writer has arrived here and staying as a state guest. Fascinated by the "Shah Pasand" tonga that is on use in Mysore city he has purchased one for about Rs 850/-. It is stated that he will take to England and introduce there in rural areas. The Shah Pasand tonga which is very artistic was designed on instructions by the late ruler Krishna Raja Wadiyar.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING

Present Scare In Delhi Is Enemy Stunt

NEW DELHI, June 7. (API): Addressing the men of the National Corps Commander Daljit Singh referred to the present scare in Delhi regarding possible disturbances and said, "it is a matter of great shame that so much scare can be caused by a mere rumour. It is an exhibition of cowardice on our part to create panic about nothing.

Declaring that these were enemy stunts to demoralise and shake the confidence of people, he said, "You must not fall a prey to enemy tactics. Our Government is strong and we are determined to resist any internal or external foe. Those political upstarts who are exploiting the sentiments of the refugees for defiance of law are obstructing the rehabilitation plans of the Government. Refugees must beware of being led away by half-penny politicians."

"Nehru Government", he said, "stands for peace and good-will to all who have good intentions towards us. So I say to you men, go out into every street and mohalla with a message that if we all stand firmly to protect our Government there will be no danger either from external enemies or their internal agencies."

MEDICAL COLLEGE FOR INDORE

Amrit Kaur Lays Foundation Stone.

INDORE, June 7. (A.P.I.): Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, India's Health Minister, laid the foundation stones of the Mahraja Yeshvant Rao Hospitals and the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Medical College at a function held here last evening.

After the ceremony Rajkumari Amrit Kaur said: "There has been considerable deterioration in peoples health in India. The foremost concern of my Government, therefore, is to improve the health condition of our people. To attain that object several schemes are under consideration".

Jamsaheb Flying To U. K.

RAJKOT, June 6 (API): The Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, the Rajpramukh of Saurashtra today left for Delhi from Jamnagar from where he will proceed to Bombay tomorrow. The Jamsaheb will be one of the passengers on the Air India International "Constellations" first flight on June 8 to the United Kingdom. During Jamsaheb's absence the Maharaja of Bhavanagar, the Uparajpramukh will act as the Rajpramukh.

Prior to his departure for Delhi the Rajpramukh had prolonged consultations with the Prime Minister of Saurashtra, Mr. U. N. Dhebar on various matters.

Drowning Tragedies

The dead body of one Govind, 50 was fished out of the sea, at 7-20 a.m. this morning.

Another deadbody was found washed ashore, near Marine Drive, at 9-45 a.m.

Esplanade Police are making inquiries in both the cases.

CHARGE-SHEETED TOO LATE

Accused Dead

BOMBAY, Monday.

A charge-sheet for breach of cotton cloth and yarn control order was filed by the C.I.D. Bombay in the Mazgaon Police Court against Mr John Edward Grieves Manager of Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw and Company Limited today when Mr. Rustom Dadachanji who appeared for Mr. Grieves intimated the court that the accused was dead.

It appears that Mr. Grieves, who was taken to St. George Hospital this morning died there after a short while.

Mr. Grieves was arrested on May 29 under C.C and Y. C. order—for not causing the necessary markings to be made on some cloth imported from Nottingham by the company. He was released on bail.

However the court adjourned the case to July 19 as the prosecution was not aware of the "circumstances."

TWO STABBING CASES IN CITY

A bleeding Pathan money lender, with gashes in the abdomen, and other parts of the body was rushed to hospital yesterday. The man's condition is learnt to be precarious.

Safar Mohamed Raj Mohamed, the room mate of the victim was arrested by the police in this connection It was stated in Court that the accused and the Pathan had a quarrel yesterday about money matters, and that the accused brandished a knife and plunged it into the Pathan's stomach. He was stated to have inflicted other injuries as well.

Rao Sahib C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, remanded the accused in custody.

The week-end witnessed one more case of fatal stabbing at Ripon Road. It is learnt that two persons were fighting with each other, when a third person, intervened and tried to pour oil over troubled waters. But, as his luck would have it, the peace-maker himself was stabbed to death, by yet another person who was also standing and watching the fight. The alleged murderer still is at large.

The deceased has been identified as Suleman Abdul Gaffur, and the wanted man as one Sagir Gaffur.

Alleged Cloth Thieves Arrested

Three men who picked up packages of cotton cloth—mulmul and other varieties—which were lying unattended in the passage of a building in the jurisdiction of the Princess Street Police Station, were arrested by the police yesterday. Of a total quantity of Rs. 3,000 worth of cloth, thus lifted, the police claim to have recovered cloth valued at Rs. 600.

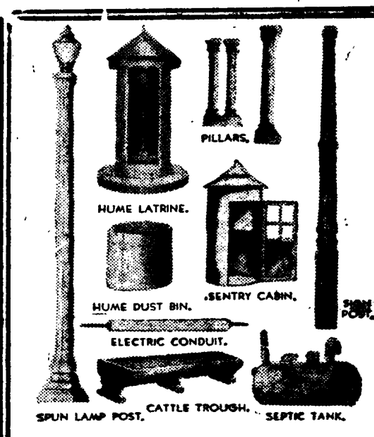
The arrested men, Kantilal Nathalal, Mohanlal Khemchand and Babu Veiji, were ordered to be remanded in custody by Rao Sahib C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

Polish Artist Dies In Hospital

A. Valee, a well-known Polish artist was found unconscious on his bed on Saturday and died, shortly after he was removed to hospital.

It is learnt that the deceased who was suffering from a dangerous affliction of the heart, was in the habit of taking some medicinal tablets, before going to bed.

The cause of the death is not known.



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HOW TO BRING DOWN CLOTH PRICES

Ahmedabad Mill-Owners' Association's Suggestions

AHMEDABAD, June 6. (A.P.I.): The Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Association in a statement to-day claimed that the "normal stage" in cloth prices is being reached and give suggestions as to how a reduction in prices could be quickly brought about "so as to enable consumers to obtain their requirements at fair rates".

Among its suggestions are (1) Restriction in demand as there is an appreciable fall in production in recent years. (2) Provision of proper distribution machinery which includes the chain of intermediaries and transport. (3) Government-controlled and managed fair price Consumers Co-operative Societies (in the matter of these societies the Mill-owners' Association assures that it will be glad to supply cloth to Government to feed these agencies at a fair and reasonable price). (4) Free movement of cloth in all parts of the country as this alone could ensure regular flow of goods.

The Association also suggests the lifting of all transport restrictions and added "this transport difficulty was not experienced when the railway was a private enterprise". The Association also pleads for the removal of the system of regional quotas as "it prevents adjustment of supply according to demand. There is no demand from certain sections and this has created a glut in the market although the same goods are badly required in other centres".

Saying that these are some of the ways to relieve the situation but they cannot provide 'a lasting remedy", the statement concludes with an appeal for the regular and adequate supply of spare parts, raw materials and stores.

WANT OF TRANSPORT FACILITIES

The statement adds "these are some of the ways to relieve the situation immediately but they cannot provide a lasting remedy. The principal solution lies in the realm of production which has appreciably fallen. The first step to be taken is to ensure regular and adequate supply of spare parts and raw materials and stores. The industry has not been able to obtain all necessary spare parts for replacement and renewal and the resulting operational difficulty is affecting production adversely. So also, the short supply of cotton and stores on occasions prevents the mills from running efficiently. More than a lakh of cotton bales purchased by the Ahmedabad mills are lying at upcountry stations for the last three months or more for want of transport facilities. Besides continuance of controls on certain essential stores is an added handicap and they must be removed immediately.

"With all these handicaps the Ahmedabad industry has been able to increase its production and maintain the same at peak level. This centre, which represents 22 per cent of the total loomage of the whole country, contributed 26 per cent of the total production in 1947 and this is also being maintained during the current year.

"Rationalisation and third shift working are additional aids to increase production. The industry is anxious to run third shift and it is unable to start it for want of skilled workers. By rationalisation and introduction of efficiency measures it will be possible for the industry to run the third shift and thereby increase production and simultaneously reduce labour cost. It is therefore urged that Government and labour should co-operate with the industry in introducing these measures".

MEETING SHORTAGE OF FUEL OIL

Advise To All Potential Consumers

NEW DELHI, June 7 (U.P.I.) : Due to the acute shortage of fuel oil caused by a fall in imports, we are faced with serious cuts in black oils, viz, 50 per cent on high speed diesel oil and 30 per cent on furnace oil. This affects seriously projects relating to industrial and economic development, not to speak of current transport and industrial requirements, says a press note issued by the Government of India.

All users and potential consumers of fuel oils for boiler firing are, therefore, requested to suspend their programmes for conversion of coal burning furnaces to oil burning furnaces forthwith and to examine the possibility of using coal or wood until the present shortage is relieved.

The advantages of firing with oil over firing with other fuels, besides considerations of economy, are recognised, but the industrial planning of all partial users should, in order to avoid shut-downs, provide alternate means of firing until fuel oils are again in free supply. Where complete conversion or re-conversion to coal is not possible, every effort should be made to effect partial conversion to coal and to effect as much economy as possible in the consumption of oil.

Meanwhile, government are exploring all possible channels for procuring increased supplies.

AHMEDABAD, June 7 (API): A new Gujarati daily paper named "Azad Hind" started publication in Ahmedabad from to-day. The paper's policy will be to promote communal unity and generally to propagate other principles of Mahatma Gandhi.

The paper is edited by Mr. F. H. Kazi.

MADRAS, June 7 (API): The Jupiter Airways' new tri-weekly air service from Madras to Delhi—via Vizagapatam and Nagpur—was inaugurated this morning by Mr. O. P Ramaswamy Reddiar, Premier of Madras, at the Meenambakam airport.

Wallace Attacks U. S. Policy In Germany

NEW YORK, June 7 (Reuter): Soviet opposition to United States policy for Germany was defended by Mr. Henry Wallace, third party presidential candidate, in a plea here for new efforts by the "Big Four" powers to negotiate a German peace treaty.

Mr. Wallace claimed that present American policy would restore to power the creators of the Nazi war machine.

He attributed this policy to Wall Street interests "conspiring" to re-establish their pre-war holdings in a rebuilt, re-militarised Ruhr Valley heavy industry area.

He warned that the attempt to build up Western Germany, first, economically, and then militarily, against the Soviet, would lead to war.

The representatives of American monopolies are just as contemptuous of the interests of German workers and farmers as they are of the interests of American workers and farmers Mr. Wallace declared: they are friendly to the former Nazi whom they have appointed to key positions in Government and industry to the exclusion of German anti-Fascists.

The Germans they are most concerned about are the owners of I. G. Farben, Krupp and the Schroeder banking interests. They let these war criminals go scot free.

On top of this they are restoring to the Nazi industrialists their properties and economic power.

You cannot blame the Russians for opposing the plan for false economic unity which would restore to power the very same men and groups who created the war machine which laid waste the most flourishing parts of Russia.

Neither Democrats nor Republicans in charge of the nation's foreign policy had advanced a single definite reason, he said, why his proposal for a peace talk with Premier Stalin should not be followed.

New Weapon To Shoot Down Plane

WASHINGTON, June 7, (Reuter): The American Navy is developing a guided missile to shoot down enemy planes over seven miles away.

The rocket-propelled missile will ride a radio beam to targets from 5,000 to 15,000 yards from the mother ship and will be ready for fleet installation by 1950.

Details of the guided missile and other new weapons were disclosed in Navy Department appropriations hearings made public in Washington last night.

The navy plans to build fifty of the new missiles at a cost of 25,500 dollars each for training and study.

The other weapons included a guided missile launched from shipboard or land and controlled by front line troops.

It will cost 500,000 dollars to develop and will do damage equivalent to naval gunfire long-range equivalent to fighter-bomber.

Gigantic Programme For Jewish Relief

NEW YORK: (IPS): The American Joint Jewish Distribution Committee spent 73,341,500 dollars during 1947 to relieve the sufferings and speed the recovery of the surviving Jews of Europe. It carried on a three fold relief, reconstruction and resettlement programme. For 1948, the minimum requirments of the programme are 98,547, 000 dollars according to the J.D.C. report. The J.D.C., the largest voluntary non-Government organisation in the world has been responsible for survival and recovery of Europe's Jews in post-war period. The war's end found 1,500,000 Jews in the world barely hanging on life. A new spirit of hope for the future exists among European Jews today" says the report.

"Financial Times" On Sterling Balance Talks

LONDON, June 7. (Reuter): According to to-day's "Financial Times", banking quarters in London do not for the most part expect that anything more than relatively short-term arrangements will merge from the discussion on sterling balances with India and Pakistan which open today.

"Britain could not afford at this stage to undertake any substantial long-term commitments because of the uncertain overseas payments outlook" the "Financial Times" continued.

"Such long-term arrangements as this country would be prepared to consider, therefore, would be hardly likely to appeal to the two Dominion Governments".

Agrarian Dispute In Saurashtra

New Ordinance To Enforce Settlement

RAJKOT, June 6. (A.P.I.): The Saurashtra Government to-day have promulgated an ordinance "to provide for the settling of the disputes between the Zamindars and the tenants". The ordinance empowers Government to intervene in all cases of dispute between the Zamindars and the farmers over the sharing of crops, the appointment of receivers to take charge of foodgrains under dispute, and also fix the share of each party to the dispute.

It may be recalled that trouble had been brewing at Ravki in Lodhka Thana of the Central Saurashtra where a dispute had arisen between the tenants and the girasdars over the question of share in the crops. These girasdars have refused to accept the "anida" system evolved by the Government for the share of the crops in respect of the State lands and have been questioning the right of intervention in the disputes between them and their tenants. A test case had also been filed before the Saurashtra High Court by the girasdars but in view of the approaching monsoon the Collector of Rajkot under the direction of the Saurashtra Government had appointed a receiver to remove the foodgrains under dispute laying in the open khalawads (threshing yards). The girasdars have, however, been "resisting" this by lying across the fields and preventing the grains from being carried away. A large number of them have also been gathering at Rajkot for what they call "offering satyagraha".

The Government expect that a settlement may still be reached and the girasdars have been persuaded "to take a reasonable view" failing which they are, however, determined to enforce their orders and prevent breaches of the peace. Strong police and other precautions have been taken.

Military Dictatorship In Iran?

TEHERAN, (IPS). Anti-democratic forces in Iran are working secretly to establish a military dictatorship. A strong military clique in Iran likes military dictatorship. One newspaper even suggested recently that the only road to essential social reforms in Iran was through a revolution carried out under Shah's directions as a dictator. To combat this underground move, democratic forces in Iranian public life and press have been urged to unite to oppose any move by the military clique towards establishing a dictatorship.

Richard Strauss Cleared

MUNICH, June 6 (Reuter): Richard Strauss, the German born Austrian composer who will be 84 on Friday has been cleared by a denazification court at Garmisch — Partenkirchen the German News Agency reported tonight.

The courts decision that he was "not implicated" was being telegraphed by his legal representatives to him at his home at Montreux, Switzerland.

COUNTRY OF MAGICIANS AND FAIRIES

COLUMBIA, June 6 (UPA): A sad little Italian girl who never has received an American package from the 'country of magicians and fairies where everything works wonderfully" will get her package.

The Governor of South Carolina said he would see to it.

Little Dolores Susin of Via Feltre 90, Belluno, Italy, wrote Governor J. S. Thurmond saying some of her neighbours have relatives in America who send them packages. "I am the only one with bad luck and I do not know where to make the request, and when I see or hear that my neighbours receive some American packages I feel sad." She said she chose the address because it attracted her. "Caroline is the name my grandmother loved," she said.

The Governor answered, "We do not really have any fairies or magicians to help this great nation, but we do have the magic of a democratic spirit and faith that men should be free to live their own lives."

ESTONIANS USE SHALE FOR FUEL

MOSCOW: (Reuter): Four institutes of the Estonian Academy of Sciences, as well as industrial laboratories, are now working on problems connected with the extraction and utilisation of combustible shale.

Shale, scheduled to play an important role in the gradual industrialisation of Estonia, is used as both liquid and gaseous fuel, as well as raw material for the chemical industry now being developed. It also goes into the production of asphalt and building materials.

Wangaon Vegetable-Growers' Satyagraha Threat

ALLEGED HARASSMENT BY RAILWAY STATION STAFF

(From Our Correspondent.)

DAHANU, June 7.

A resolution threatening the railway administration with Satyagraha at Vangaon Station near Dahanu if their grievances were not redressed within four days, was passed at a mass meeting of vegetable growers today.

The resolution enumerates the difficulties of vegetable growers and imputes corruption, insult, assault and intimidation to the station staff. It censures the administration for wilful callousness in allowing destruction of large quantities of vegetables in the present times of food shortage putting growers to loss of Rs. 50,000 in the last 20 days.

The resolution demands institution of an immediate inquiry against the station staff. The situation is likely to worsen if the administration fails to take prompt measures.

NO RIFT IN MALWA CABINET

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, June 7.

A spokesman of the Ministry of Malwa Union today refuted the suggestion made in a news agency report that the resignation of Gopikrishna Vijayvargiya of Gwalior and V. V. Dravid of Indore from the cabinet of Malwa Union were due to differences with their colleagues in the Government. The spokesman added the report was baseless and mischievous and all, whether in or outside the Cabinet were pledged to work in close co-operation.

TREACHEROUS S. A. COAST YIELDS TREASURE

SALDANHA BAY, (Reuter): The wreck of the Meresteyn, a treasure-filled Dutch East-Indiaman which foundered and sank in 60 feet of water off Saldanha Bay in the early 17th century was recalled by Cape seamen when a number of Spanish coins were washed up on a deserted island in the bay.

Old coins have not been found on the shore for some years but experienced men who know this treacherous coast will think that his winter will be profitable in treasure trove.

The latest find was made by an officer who is well-known along the west coast of the Union and of South-West Africa.

He visited the deserted island in his ship's launch. With only 15 minutes to spare before the launch returned to the ship, the officer picked up a stick and began scraping debris from between the jagged reefs.

Within 10 minutes he had four Spanish silver coins struck in 1632, during the reign of Philip IV the size of British five-shilling pieces. Two were in such excellent condition that, by appearances, they might have been put into circulation only last year.

He was made a spot offer of £ 5 for each of them. He refused, planning to make another search next time his ship brings him to Saddha.

Ducats, ducatoons and other coins have in the past been found in these waters after severe northwesterly gales.

All attempts to salvage the treasure of Meresteyn have failed.

BOYCOTT BRITISH GOODS AND SERVICES

Jewish Ex-Servicemen's Appeal To U.S.

NEW YORK, June 7. (Reuter): Jewish ex-servicemen of New York State have called on American citizens to boycott British goods and services because of Britain's Palestine policy.

In resolutions adopted at their annual convention the veterans also asked Congress to withhold loans and grants for Britain "for supporting the Arab position" in the Holy Land war.

The convention called for an investigation of the influence of "oil interests" on the State Department's Palestine policy and support for a bill provided 100,000,000 dollars lend-lease to Israel.

BOMBAY TO HAVE NEW FACTORY

3,000 Industrial Motors To Be Produced Monthly

LONDON, June 6 (Reuter): A new factory expected within 18 months to be producing 3,000 industrial motors a month, will be set up in Bombay following an agreement to be signed in London next week.

Announcing this to-day, Mr. B. S. Bhatnagar, Director of Agencies Ltd of Bombay said that a new company known as the Electric Corporation of India Ltd. would receive machine tools and technical aid from Newnes Industries of Bristol.

The firm would also give the Company the benefit of its drawings and patents and facilities in Bristol for training Indian personnel.

Sir J. P. Srivastava would be the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the new organisation and with him on the Board would be Mr. R. P. Bagla, Mr. T. P. Kaitan and Mr. G D. Agarwala.

MASEFIELD INSPIRED BY CANADIAN POET

STANSTEAD, Quebec: (Reuter): A poem by Dr. Duncan Campbell Scott of Ottawa, read by John Masefield 50 years ago when he was a factory worker in the United States, was the inspiration that turned the poet laureate to poetry.

This was disclosed in a letter written in 1906 by Masefield to Scott which was read at a recent service in tribute to Dr. Scott, dean of Canadian poets, who died last winter.

Ex-King Michael Leaves For Athens

GENEVA, June 7. (Reuter): Ex-King Michael of Rumania took off from Geneva with Princess Anne shortly after 11-30 (local-time) last night for their wedding in Athens.

They were due in Athens early this morning travelling in a regular TWA airliner and not the King's private plane as originally planned. The ex-King drove in the dark with Princess Anne from Clausanne.

He is accompanied on the flight to Athens by his Aides de Camp Major Jacques Vergotti and General Peter Lazar, who left Rumania with Michael as well as Prince Erik of Denmark, the Princess uncle who will be one of the witnesses at the wedding.

DOMINION PREMIERS' CONFERENCE

"Daily Mail" Urges Full-Scale Attendance

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter): The Conservative "Daily Mail" to-day called for a full-scale attendance of British Dominions' Prime Ministers in London this year.

The paper said "since 1945 there have been far-reaching changes in India, Burma, Ceylon, Egypt and Palestine.

"Now, under a Nationalist Government, South Africa's course is bound to be altered—if only slightly at first.

"These matters alone are worthy of discussion at a full-scale imperial conference.

"Of even greater moment is Western Union. The destiny of the British nations is bound up with the success or failure of that great experiment."

RANGOON, June 6. (UPI): In pursuance of their policy of nationalising the exploitation of the natural resources of the country, the Government of Burma have taken over, with effect from June 1, the teak areas, formerly worked by British firms.

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FIRM TONE ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Gold And Silver Quietly Steady: Downward Tendency In Cotton

Bombay, June 7.

The reported developments on the Hyderabad front giving rise to hopes of an early settlement had their heartening effect on the local Stock Exchange which showed to-day signs of revival of activity after nearly a week of its almost moribund condition. On purely speculative support the market shook off its easy tendency, and after opening firm ruled steady throughout the major part of the session.

Steel section which dominated the market recorded a fairly good rise. Tata Steel Deferred opened higher by nearly 40 points at Rs. 1692-8 and advanced as far as Rs. 1710, later to hover around Rs. 1700. Tata Steel Ordinary oscillated between Rs. 331 and Rs. 333-8. Indian Iron and Bengal Steel were placed at Rs. 29-14 and Rs. 24-14 respectively.

The rise in textiles was not in proportion to that of steel, the feeling among the operators being that the present levels were too high, and therefore a fall was inevitable. The Government's threat to recontrol cloth hang like Democle's sword on the head of the bull operators who preferred to be cautious and restrained in their commitments. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 1132-8 and was steady at five points higher with narrow fluctuations. Kohinoor was in moderate demand and touched Rs. 650, to be steady around Rs. 647. Simplex and Swadeshi were placed at Rs. 238 and Rs. 642 respectively.

Banks and Insurance were steady, the Central being quoted at Rs. 858 and Imperial Old at Rs. 2060.

There was moderate activity in the miscellaneous section. Scindia came to change hands at Rs. 28-13 after opening at Rs. 28-6. Associated Cement fetched Rs. 174-12 whereas P. Constructions were placed higher at Rs. 237-8.

The gilt-edged section was steady with moderate demand in 3 per cent Conversion Loan of 1986 at Rs. 99-15-6. Other Securities were unchanged.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1133-12 Kohinoor 647 Swadeshi 642-8 Nagpur 320 Simplex 237 New Great 186 Gokak X. D. 326 Indore 540 Century 512-8 Colaba X. R. 181 Bleaching (E.D. ..) Swan 356 Finlay 335 Morarji 501-4 Edward 590 Meyer 170 Apollo 3-13-6 I. U. Ordinary 15-4 I. U. Defd. 2-10-6 Madhusudan 245 Poddar 200 Khatau 262|8.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 332-8 Tata Steel Defd. 170312 second 139-8.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger 174-12.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 450 Belapur 347 Shivrajpur 35-8 Scindia 28-15 Construction 235 Tata Chemical 15-14 Tata Oil 55-8 Indian Iron 29-12 Bengal 24-12

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 156-8 Andhra X.D. 1382-8 Tata Power 1512-8.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 86/8 Phoenix 457/8 Ind. Mfg. 4220 Kooria 300 Dawn 1545 David 140 New City 201-4 Minerva 210-10 Bradbury 680 Bharucha (Defd.) 5 Bharat 40-4 Mysore 230-10 Madhavji 15-2 Model 210 Laxmi 815 Vishnu 317-8 Western 4060 Standard 580 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4250 Tata 70 Ahmedabad Advance 276-4 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16 Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas 227/8 Raja Bahadur 126/4 Berar 265 Victoria 225 D. Colaba Coupon 51.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 111-4 New 108-2 Surat 142-8 Karachi 118-12 Broach 10/6 Ajmer 10-10 Amalgamated 15-8 Nagpur 53-8 Poona 150 Bombay Suburban 150/10 Bombay Suburban New 131/4

BANK SHARES

Reserve 110 Imperial 2067-8 P. P. 511-4 Central 86 New 86 India 228 Union 9-10 Baroda 155 Habib 151-8 Dena Bank 52 United Commercial 62/4 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 10b.

INSURANCE

Oriental 5075 Empire 685 New India 70 Jupiter 26/8 Vulcan 12-6 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 11/4 British India General 23|8 Prud 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 20/12.

RAILWAY SHARES (CASH)

G. P. 109 Mymensingh 95 Mymensingh guaranteed 100, Pachora 107

MISCELLANEOUS (CASH)

Alcock 330 Steamer 547-8 Burma New 157-8 Burma Petrol 2-6-6 Mackenzie 90 Port Canning 70 Kemp 480 Kemp (New) 465 Zandu Pharmacy 155 Ind. Investment Trust 98/8 Wimco 282-8 Dharmsy Chemical 36-8, Mukund Iron 10. Dena Trust 21 Alembic 257/8 Supreme India 130; Jam Wire 108 Bombay Uganda 69/8 Bombay Motor Cycle 42. Indian Cement 33, Waichand Nagar Industries 221/4 United Motor 74 A. C. C. New 112-8 Bombay Safe Deposit 910, Hydary Construction 16-2 Mohmadi Steam 98-8 Gujarat Motor 25-2. Sardar Carbolic 750. Harvey Press 310. Estrella Batteries 51, Prince of Wales 610, Manmad Press 120.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st Pref. 194 Andhra Valley 1212|8 Tata Power 1322|8 Hydro 124/6 Bombay Steamer 307/8 Nagpur 636/4 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 675 Luxmi 307/8 New Great 222/8 Podar 115 Shriniwas 98 Elphinstone 120 Bradbury 365 Surat Elec. 131-4 Pre. Construction (1st.) 126-4; 2nd 120-8 Amalgamated 123-8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 127-8 Walchand Nagar 250 Jupiter 19-14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 McKenzie (1st) 127/8 2nd 125 Ahmedabad Advance 132-8 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12. Khatau 105-10.

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 102-12 Bombay Steamer (1959) 104/4 Indian Hume Pipe 111, Tata Power (1951) 103 Walchand Nagar 117.

OUTSIDERS

Indian Copper 2-12-6 B.I.C. 8-11 Burma Corporation 3-14-6 New Victoria Mill 4-8 New Victoria Mill Preference 5-12 Phalton 132 Gold Mohur 325 New Kaiser-i-Hind 375 Sajjan Mill 250 Osmanshahi 225 Ajamshahi 285 Air Service 11 Ambica 16 Air India 145 Hind Motor 6-8 India Steam 12-9.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, June 7

Closing quotations:—

Tata Ordinary 322/8; Tata Deferred 1703/12; Indian Iron 29/12; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 24/12; Bombay Dyeing 1133/12; Central India 320; Gokak 326/4; Kohinoor 646/14; Simplex 236/14; Swadeshi 642/8; Tata Power 1512/8; Associated Cement 174/12; Belapur 347; Bombay Burma (Old) 460; Scindia 28/15; Central Bank 86; New India 70; Tata 2nd Pref. 139/8.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 7

After last week's heavy fluctuations, the local cotton market ruled quiet to-day after opening firm.

July opened at Rs. 708 and after advancing upto Rs. 713 reacted to Rs. 704 under persistent bear pressure. September delivery was also quoted at the same level.

The narrow two-sided movements continued till close. The bull chokseys could hardly make their way up in view of persistent liquidation at higher levels The market closed barely steady as under:—

July	Rs. 700
September	Rs. 701

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 7.

The local Bullion Exchange ruled quietly steady with a moderate turnover.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 170-6 and advanced to Rs. 170-12 under speculative buying. With persistent liquidation at this stage the price declined to Rs. 169-12, and was later steady around Rs 169-14. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 170-4.

Forward Gold declined to Rs. 114-12 after opening at Rs. 115. Ready Gold was placed eight annas higher.

In the afternoon the market continued to fluctuate narrowly, the general trend being towards easiness. The market closed as under:

	Rs. As.
Forward Silver	169 8
Ready Silver	169 12
Forward Gold	114 6
Ready Gold	114 14

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 7.

Market opened higher than last closing and after fluctuating narrowly Closed with a steady tone.

Calico opened 1301; Highest 1306; Closed 1303.

Ambika opened 445; Highest 449; Closed 447.

Arvind opened 1715; Highest 1751; Lowest 1741; Closed 1744.

Deferred opened 1685; Highest 1709; Closed 1700.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1744; Ambika 447; Calico 1303; Jupiter 424; Deferred 1700; New Textile 1240; Rohit 527-8-0, Bhalakia 205; Mahalaxmi 595.

Italian Artificial Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, June 7.

The following are today's closing rates for fixed delivery contracts of Italian Artificial Silk Yarn per lb.:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
150 D. June	5	7	0
150 D. July	4	10	9
150 D. Ready	7	0	0
120 D. Ready	7	0	0
20x22 Yellow Raw Silk June	21	4	0
20x22 Yellow Raw Silk Ready	21	3	0

Fluctuations

BOMBAY, June 7.

Following were the fluctuations in some of the important scrips on Monday:—

Apollo 3/14/6 3/13/6
Bharat 40/4
B. Dyeing 1132/8 37/8 27/8 32/8 30 33/12
Bradbury (Pref.) 365
C. India 320 18 19 18 20
Century 512/8
Colaba 188/12 80
Finlay 335 33 34
Gokak 323 28/8 26
I. U. (Defd.) 2/11 2/10/6
I. U. (Ord.) 15/5 15/4/6 15/6 15/4
Indore 540 45 37,8 40
Khatau 262/8
Kohinoor 647 50 45 48 47/8 47
Model 210
New Great 190 86
David 141 40
Podar 200
Simplex 237 38 36 37 36 37
Swadeshi 642 42/8 40/8 43 42 42/8
Tata Mills 71 70/8
Vishnu 317/8

BANKS.

Baroda 154/8 5b
Central 85/8 86
Imperial (Old) 2050 67/8
Imperial (New) 510 11/14 11/4
India 226 25/8
Reserve 110/8 10
Union 9/10

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 110/10 11/4
Andhra Valley 1385 82/8
Surat 142/8
Hydro 156/8
Vulcan 12/4 12/6

STEAMER.

Scindia 28/6 28/13 28/9 28/15

STEEL.

B. Steel 24/12 24/14 24/10 24/12
I. Iron 29/12 29/14 29/11 29/12
Tata (Defd.) 1692/9 1705 1700/10 1695 1707/8 1697/8 1703/12
Tata (Ord.) 331 30/8 33/8 32 33 32/8 33 32 32/8
Tata (1st Pref.) 194/8 94
Tata (2nd Pref.) 140 39 40 39/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 331/4 30
A. C. C. (Old.) 174 74/12 74/8 75/8 74/12
A. C. C. (New) 112 12/8
Belapur 345 48 47
B. B. (Old) 452/8 56/4 48/12 51/4 50
B. B. (New) 157/8 60 57/8
B. B. Petrol 2/9 2/9/6 2/8/6
P. Const. 237 35/8 37 36
Tata Chem. 16 15/12 15/14
Tata Oil 55/8 56 55/8
Wimco 281/4 82/8

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 86
Colaba Coupon 51 50
Khatau (Pref.) 105 5/10

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 7.

B O Rates 1 1/2 D D 1/8 15/16 Ready
B C Rate T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying I T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying I T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6-5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B O Rates
I T Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 2.9
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/2
Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Doi 4.07 3/4 to 4.08 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 62.57-63.43
London Alexandra Pla 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.92-86
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es. 99-80-100.20
London Manila Pes. 8.09-8.14
London Montreal Doi 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Doi 4.02 3/4
London Oslo Kr. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
Gold London £8-12-3
Gold New York 835
Silver London 45
Silver New York 74 5/8
London Discts. 3 Mos 9/16 per cent
London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent. 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy

HAPUR MARKETS

Weekly Review

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

HAPUR, June 5.

Foodgrains price level has recorded some advance during the week under review. Wheat and peas and arhar in the pulses section remained particularly steady and scored a good gain. Foodgrain arrivals from the interior continued to be very poor averaging 500 maunds of wheat, 250 mds. of gram 100 mds. of barley and 100 mds. of bejhar per day. Inter district movements of grains were also negligible.

There has been a distinct improvement in transport conditions and more wagons are now available for movements of foodstuffs including gur and oilseeds. Heavily deficit areas and those provinces and states who border in Pakistan both in the East and in the West are, however, attracting more pulses, gur and oils as the same are fetching better prices on the other side. In our own provinces deficit districts are illserved.

Although prices are slightly lower where transport facilities are poor, the general level of prices is fairly high. Wheat prices for instanec in almost all important markets of the province range between 16/-and 18/- and at places are as high as 19/- or 20/- F.A. wheat at Hapur is being sold at 19/-. Other foodgrain prices in the local market are:gram 12/- barley 10/- bejhar and jower 10/- maize 8/- bajra 9/-.

Of the pulses arhar and peas arrivals are in full swing but the export demand is equally heavy. A foodstuffs special is due to leave Hapur to the coal areas in Behar Bengal on the 7th or 8th. instant. That will carry good quantities of peas, arhar, gur, mastard-oil and oilseeds. Hence the spurt in prices. It is believed that arhar is being smuggled into Pakistan from Calcutta. The latest quotations are: arhar 11/14 peas 10/14 urd 19/4 moong 15/4 and masoor 13/6.

Prices in gur improved remarkably during the week. It is now quoted at 13/- against 11/8 touched earlier in the week. Arrivals were on a reduced scale of 1000 mds. daily. On the other hand the schedule of despatches is fairly heavy. Besides what would be loaded in the foodstuffs special, nearly 50 wagons of gur is moved off every week from here. Jaipur, Jodhpur and the Gujrat are the main importers.

In the futures section, however, prices are steadily declining. On Friday last Fagan (next crop future) had closed at 10/13/3. Presently it is quoted at 9/15/3. This is the lowest for the week while the highest had touched on Saturday at 11/-/6. Volume of forward business continues to be small.

OIL SEEDS

In oil seeds the market for sarson remained very steady. Ready is now quoted at 22/4. There is a fairly heavy demand for sarson here while supplies are low and arrivals very negligible. Exports of mustardseed oil to Calcutta have of late been very heavy as prices there are very attractive and facilities of transport good. Local millers have liquidated much of their accumulated stocks and are, therefore, buying sarson at any price. Tradaseed is quoted at 18/- to 16/-. The market for oilcake remained quiet due to very poor offtake.

Bardana:—The market remained very steady and there was good advance in prices. Asar is now quoted at 92/- and June at 112/-. Stocks in the morussil markets are very low. The mills are disinterested sellers in the up-country markets as they have heavy export order already in hand.

BULLION MARKET

The bullion market remained erratic. Prices fell and rose within a narrow range on the alternate bouts of buying and selling. Silver had closed at 161/- on Friday last. On Saturday the market opened at 162/- touched as low as 158/12 but finally closed at 162/2. On Monday and Tuesday the undertone remained quietly steady. Highest touched 163/14 and the lowest 160/2. On Wednesday the market declined to 159/9. There was a subsequent recovery to 161/10 today but presently it is quoted at 161/-. Gold is presently quoted at 112/8 against 111/8 closed on Friday. Highest during the week touched 114/4 and the lowest 111/-. The two regular features of the market were the desire of the longs to cash their profits and the attraction of considerable speculative support at low levels. There is no longer the sit tight attitude on the part of the bulls who appear on the defensive. The volume of forward business continues to be small in view of the fact that the final decision of the U. P. Government in regard to the sales tax levy on the forward transactions and the scale of the units of transaction had not yet been made public.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

On re-opening business was sparse On re-opening business was sparce with few transactions. Teas were steadier. The market closed dull.

Following are today's quotations:—

Government of India Loans three per cent 1986 99/1, three per cent 1970/75 99/13, Government of Travancore Loans three per cent 1952/54 104/1, Government of Madras three per cent 1960 100/12.

BANKS: Travancore 23/10.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 5/11, Coorg Teas 6, Devashola 17/6, Nelliampathy 1/8, Pullangodes 1/7, Thirumbadi 2/5, T. R. and T. Co. 7/14, Malabar Industrials 16/8.

TEXTILES: Buckinghams 350, Cambodias 10/8, Coimbatore 92, Lakshmi 93/8, Madura 41/12, Metturs 340, Radhakrishna 144, Rajalkshmi 59/8, Ranga Vilas 51, Trav Rayons 5, Trichinopoly 12/12, Loyal Textiles 27/4.

MISCELLANEOUS: F. A. C. T. S. 6/5, Mettur Chem. 9/2.—(A. P. I.).

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 7.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange continued its steadier tone all through the day round all sections and a fair volume of business took place.

The association will remain entirely closed on Thursday, the 10th June, 1948, which has been declared a public holiday, on account of the King's Birthday.

The following are today's final transactions up to 2-30 p.m.:

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1996 99/4, Three per cent Victory 1957 101/5, Three per cent Loan 1963/65 101.3 S. Lot.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 4/12, Hindustan Commercial 27 12, Imperial Bank (Fully Paid) 2005, Reserve Bank 105 CT, United Commercial 62/8.

COTTONS: Bowreah Ordy. 470, Cawnpore Textiles 11/2, New Victoria Ordy. 4/9, New Victoria Pref. 5/8.

COALS: Bengal 491, Bhalgora 9/8, Burrakur 20/10, Central India 7/12, New Beerbhoom 16/8, East Indian 30/8 CT, Raneegunge 17/12.

JUTES: Anglo India 305 SL, Champdany 205 S. Lot, Howrah 79/12, Megna 146, National 28/8, Northbrook 29,10.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. 4, Consolidated Tin 1 11, Indian Copper 2/14.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 9/13, Indian Iron and Steel 29/13, Jessop and Co. 18/8, Kumardhubi Engs. 10/1, Marshalls 6/15, Steel Coropn. 24/13.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Benga. Cement 7/14, Sone Valley Cement 8/12, Alkali and Chemical 16, Calcutta Electric 25/8, Angelo Brothers 21/4, Bharat Airways 6, British India Corpn. 8/13, Dunlop Rubber Ordy. 78, F. and C. Osler 11/3, Indian National Airways 7/4 S. O. Lot, Indian Rubber Mfg. 16/4 CT, Jardine Henderson 168, British Burma Petrol 2/8, Midnapore Zemindary 84, Assam Saws 6/14, India General Navgn. 115/8, India Steamship 12/8.

SUGARS: Balrampore 9/13, Dyer Meakin Brewery 9/4, Purtabpore 14, Raza 14/1, Samastipore 16/13.

TEAS: Borpukhuri 26/8, Carron 302, Ledo 165, Nagaisuree 362, Tukvar 14/14.—(A. P. I.).

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, June 7.

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150; Quilandy 145/153. Fibre Garbled 105; Ungarbled 95; Cocoanuts Raw 104/105; Dry 143; Cocoanut Oil 440, Copra Office 292/8; Dilpasand 305; Madras Nottam 310; Pepper Wynsad 1025; country 1010 Dryginger Chernad 375; Ernad 360; Coffee Robusta 150; Timber Pali 5½/65 Junglewood 30/35; Vellapine 40 50; Benteak 1/8/4/6; Teak 90/100; Mango 3/3 4; Teak 15/16/8; Rosewood 16/20.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 7.

Cotton Sind NT 90 Punjab 289 F 104 Lss 83; Four F 70.

Market quiet poor demand as Bombay shippers uninterested.

Spot business 900 bales; Arrivals 1900; Exports local stocks estimated 125000 of which one lac with exporters.

Cotton seeds NT 7/14; Desi 8/8; Teriaseed 175; Rates steady but business small.

Gold Tejabi 109/ 3/4; Sovereigns 73/4: Silver coins 128/8 steady.

Kutch Hundi

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, June 7.

Hundi Buying 315 Hundi Selling 316.

Gold 111.

Silver 156.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 7

		Rs	as	p.
2-1	4 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1	4 p.c. 1950	101	2	0
2-1	2 p.c. 1961	96	13	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	99	15	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	15	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	99	14	0
2-3	4 p.c. 1976	98	14	0
3 p.c. non-Terminable	99	0	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	99	0	6
3 p.c. 1949-52	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	4	0
3 p.c. 1953-56	102	10	0
3 p.c. 1957	101	15	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	101	12	0
3 p.c. 1970/75	99	15	0
3-1	2 p.c. 1954-59	105	7	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	101	8	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	111	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68	116	0	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-59	113	0	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS.			
2-3	4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	0	0
2-3	4 p.c. Madras 1961 ..	98	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	101	14	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	12	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	100	6	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	98	14	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	100	6	0
4 p.c. N. W. F. 1952 ..	99	10	0
4 p.c. U. P. 1961-68	100	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1959	115	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954.	117	0	0
3-1	4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	101	0	0
6 p.c. K. P. T.	112	0	0

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS & EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, June 7.

S. S. MEGNA

From London:—134 cases electric goods, 33 cases calcium lactus, 20 cases zinc oxide, 61 cases calcium carbonas, 13 kegs citric acid 64 d/s Formaldehyde, 74 cases iron chairs, 205 cases whisky, 18 cases cardboard box files, 37 packages boot protectors, 35 packages tacks, 10 cases zinc sheets, 40 cases Liquid colours, 55 cases writing paper, 52 cases gummed paper, 457 flasks quick silver, 705 cases writing ink, 39 d/s cable and wire, 33 d/s asphalt, 19 cases meters, 10 cases concrete mixers, 470 cases Bottled Beer, 121 cases machinery, 30 cases auto parts, 14 cases aluminium circles, 24 cases plumbago crucibles 16 d/s Malt Extract, 553 cases Boot polish, 57 pkgs Moulding Powder, 113 cases glass paper, 262 cases printing ink, 41 cases aluminium foils, 62 cases and 44 bdls chassis, 40 cases steel rivets, 70 cases roller composition, 10 cases printing machines, 20 cases blank zinc plates, 17 cases motor cycles, 61 bdls. paper, 158 cases rust remover, 70 d/s sodium nitrate, 71 bdls steel angles, 47 cases confectionery, 14 unpacked motor cars 46 cases electric machinery 35 d/s caustic soda flakes, 157 cases motor cars, 28 cases electio medical equipment, 41 pkgs. discasting furnace, 18 cases photo paper, 21 cases photo plates, 152 cases safety films, 65 cases envelopes, 57 cases motor car parts, 72 cases cars, 119 cases Iron wood screws, 1000 cases head wire nails, 42 cases panel pins, 590 reels newsprint paper, 20000 bags sulphate of amonia.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. NORMAN MONARCH

To Rangoon:—

14 d/s sodium sulphite —The Kisar Sugar Works Ltd.

S. S. PRESIDENT POLK

To New York:—

14 c/s. Mango Pickles—M. M. Poonjiaji Co., 200 Bales Cotton Waste and 100 Bales Jute Bags 50 ft. Textile Products (Ind.) Ltd.

S. S. SCOTT-E-LAND

To New York.—

100 Bales Jute Bags —Chunilal and Co., 100 Bales Jute Bags—C. Damodar and Co., 123 Bags Gum Karaya—Shantidas—D. Dharsi.

S. S. TAIREA

To Beira:—

Cotton Piecegoods—49 Bales Khusalbhai Patel and Sons., and 28 Bales—K. Kanji, 6 Bales Cotton Blankets Khusalbhai Patel and Sons.

S. S. KONGSBORG

To Antwerp:—

220 Bales Cotton Waste—Edward Robertson and Sons.

S. S. DWARKA

To Kowiet:—

25 c/s. Vinegar U. Sidy, 20 Bags Curry Powder—Y. Cewad.

S. S. ALAVI.

To Karachi:—

6 pkgs. buttons—Abdul Jabbar.

BY AIR

To Karachi:—

Art silk piecegoods—33 Parcels—P G. Puri Bros., 27 Parcels—A. K. A Shakal, 6 Parcels Cotton Piecegoods M.H.A. Kanna, 10 Parcels Real Jar.—A. H. Jariwalla.

S. S. ANNA

To Karachi:—

260 kegs—Moist Paint and 42 d/s Varnish paint—The Noble Paint and Varnish Co., 160 Bags White Zinc—Ratans Raishi and Co., 227 Bdls. Coir Mattings—V. E. Salemohamed and Sons., 15 bdls. Alluminium Utensils—Tukaram L. Desai., 24 Bales Cotton Piecegoods—Habib Haji Mohamad., 33 crates Earthenware —K. G. Gabbai., 53 c/s. Indian Juice—Corn Products (India) Ltd., 100 bdls. Bidee Leaves—S. H. Kasam., 37 c/s. Poppy Husk—E. Rasulbhai.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVAL

R.F.A. "ENNERDALE" arrived from Abadan, on June 6, with 10,501 tons of fuel and Diesel oil (A.I.O.C.).

"AMBICA" arrived from Karachi, on June 6, with 980 tons of Cargo (Bahadur).

"KONGSBORG" arrived from Bussrah, on June 6, with 3252 tons of Cargo (Volkart).

"PUNDUA" arrived from Bassim, on June 6, with 132 tons of steel plates and other Cargo (M.M.)

"SCOTTE-LAND" arrived from San Fransisco, on June 6, with 560 tons of Commercial goods. (Forbes Campbell).

"ISLAMI" arrived from Laurenseo. Marques, on June 6, in Ballast. (M.M.).

"EMPTORRENT" arrived from London, on June 7, with 5600 tons of Cargo. (M.M.).

"PRESIDENT POLK" arrived from San Fransisco, on June 7, with 8 passengers on Saloon for Bombay, and 3297 tons of Cargo (Forbes Campbell).

SAILINGS

"BADARPUR" sailed for Abadan, on June 5, in ballast.

"SILVERBRIAR" sailed for Cochin, on June 5, with 4237 tons of Cargo.

"CASTALIA" sailed for Glasgow, on June 5, with some passengers and 3413 tons of Cargo.

"SILVANA" sailed for Fremantle, on June 5, in Ballast.

"PALAMCOTTA" sailed for Calcutta on June 6, with 1515 tons of Cargo.

"CANARA" sailed for Karachi, on June 6, with 2266 tons of bulk Wheat and general Cargo.

"CLAN MACGILLIVRAY" sailed for Cochin, on June 6, with 1673 tons of Cargo.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, June 7. (Reuter): London Stocks Markets appear well set for a period of gloom. A blanket of depression covered most sections today The cause was the proposed cuts in the Marshall aid plan and selling, although small, was widespread.

A long list of declines was recorded by industrial groups under lead of tobacco and store shares. Imperial tobacco were weak at 2-4/4d, Carreras 4 lost 1/8 at 5-1/2. This lead was followed by textiles and irons steels.

The sad story was continued in the oils section. Marked weakness was displayed by leaders which declined 1/10 to 1/4. Small company and dividend is expected shortly and some dealers are looking for increase. Any increase would afford relief and bring better feeling to this section.

South African mining issues were also on the downgrade. Advice from Johannesburg recorded slightly lower levels but that centre was inactive. London was responsible for small selling which lowered prices by around one shilling.

Gilts edged stood aloof from the prevailing gloom and previous prices were quietly maintained.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, June 7.

Silver Forward 166/12; Opened 166 8 Yesterday Closed 167/6 Gold Forward 114; Yesterday Closed 114/8.

Gur Ready 11/8, Fagan 9 13 6. Opened 9/12/6, Yesterday Closed 9/14 Shakkar 11/8, Crystal 34, Khandsari 26; to 34 Sarson Ready 21/12; Jeth 19/4; Toraseed 16, Oilcake 7/4, Groundnut 12; Oats 8/4.

Bardana Asar 94, June 113/4, Ready 97/8, Ready Wheat 19; Gram 12/4; Barley 10; Bejhar 10; Maize 7; Bajra 8; Gwar 11, Peas Ready 10/12; Jeth 9/10; Arhar Ready 11/4; Jeth 10; Urd 19; Moong 17; Masoor 16.

Sind Govt Yields

KARACHI, June 7 (UPI): The Sind Government have bowed down to the wishes of the Pakistan Press Advisory Committee (Sind Region) which recently passed a resolution protesting against the Sind Government's action in banning the publication of the "Alwahid", a Sindhi daily, and interning its editor in his village home for six months, without consulting the Committee.

The Committee has received a favourable response to its resolution, from Pir Illahibakhsh, the Sind Premier who has now given the assurance that the Press Advisory Committee's advice would be taken on important decisions.

The Sind Premier has also explained that action was taken against the "Alwahid" as its policy had created friction among the people and strengthened the movement of "Sindhis and non-Sindhis" in this province. Action against its editor, Abdul Ghafoor, has been taken as a citizen and not as editor, because his activities were detrimental to the best interests of Sind and Pakistan.

NEW DELHI, June 7 (API): A plane making the first plight on June 8 between Bombay and London in India's external air service will carry the greetings of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Dpartment to the Postal administrations of Egypt, Switzerland and the U. K.

INDIAN LAC INDUSTRY'S FUTURE

Competition From Siam: Need For Vigilance

NEW DELHI, India's strong position in regard to the lac industry is facing a challenge. A warning against any complacency on the part of those connected with the industry in this country is contained in statistics now available about the striking progress made in this direction by Siam during 1946 and 1947.

Before the last war, India produced 90 per cent of the world's supply of lac. The remaining 10 per cent was produced in Siam, Indo-China and Burma. The refining of raw lac into shellac and seedlac was, however, the sole monopoly of India as the other producing countries sent their raw lac to India for processing.

It is learnt that Siam is now not only producing more lac but is also refining it into shellac for direct export to U. S. A. and other foreign countries. Against a pre-war average annual export of 5,000 tons of sticklac (mostly to India) from Siam, about 10,000 tons of sticklac and 1,500 tons of shellac were exported from Bangkok during the first nine months of 1947 alone. This is equivalent to about 25 per cent of India's total production.

There is evidence, too, of improvement in the quality of the Siamese shellac and with all that its price is about two-thirds of that of Indian shellac. Shellac factories have been started in Siam for an annual output of 6,000 tons of shellac. This is about one-third of India's production.

The above facts, it is stated in New Delhi, constitute a warning to the lac trade in this country which should exercise greater vigilance and ensure larger production, normal prices and consistently high quality. While the threat of replacement by synthetic resins is serious enough, it is learnt that price competition from neighbouring countries has also become an important factor.

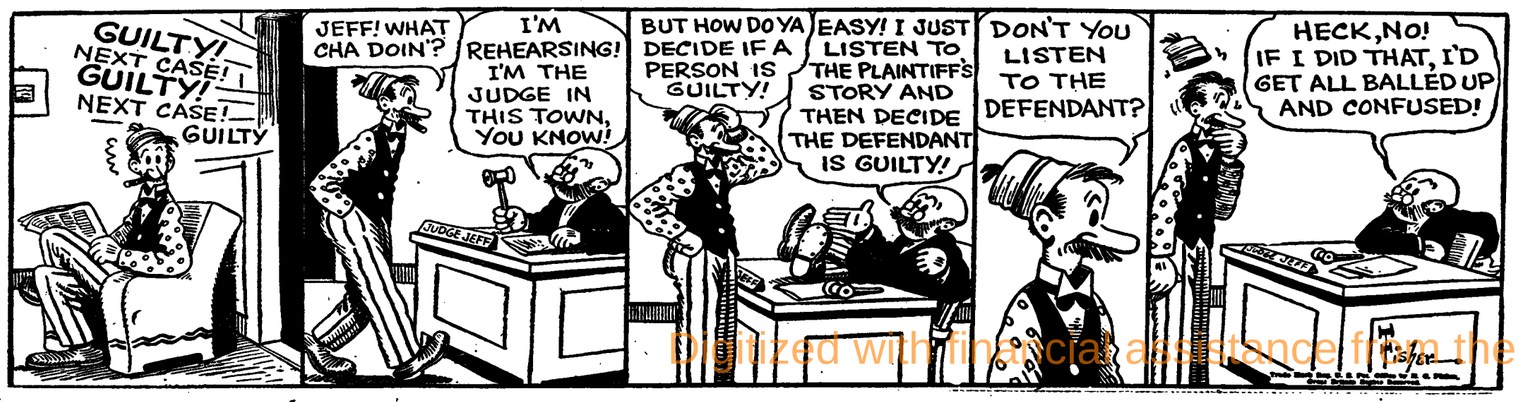
CHIEF USES OF LAC

Lac is a resinous substance secreted by an insect which lives on the twigs of a certain tree. The insects are extensively cultured, especially in Bihar and Central India. The chief use of lac in India is polishing furniture, "hot" lacquering of wooden toys, pen-holders, the manufacture of gramophone records, etc. In recent years, chiefly as a result of the last war, more lac is being used for the manufacture of anti-gas fabrics, laminated jute and paper boards, varnishes for lining munitions, etc. In foreign countries lac is used in the manufacture of gramophone records, French polish, floor varnishes, insulating varnishes and grinding wheels, leather dressings, paper finishes, etc.

With improvements in heat resistance and mechanical strength brought about by chemical modifications, a wide field of application which the synthetic resins have opened up, can still be exploited by shellac.

It is estimated that the lac industry in India provides employment for at least 20,000 workers who convert crude lac into purified shellac and in addition is the source of livelihood to about three million families in the villages who collect lac from the trees.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway, That's The Way It Sounds To The Defendant Usually By BUD FISHER


GUILTY! NEXT CASE! GUILTY! NEXT CASE! GUILTY
JEFF! WHAT CHA DOIN'?
I'M REHEARSING! I'M THE JUDGE IN THIS TOWN, YOU KNOW!
JUDGE JEFF
BUT HOW DO YA DECIDE IF A PERSON IS GUILTY!
EASY! I JUST LISTEN TO THE PLAINTIFF'S STORY AND THEN DECIDE THE DEFENDANT IS GUILTY!
DON'T YOU LISTEN

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

FOREIGN CAPITAL MUST BE WOOED

Grady On Need For Security And Reasonable Return

OOTACAMUND, June 7 (A.P.I.) : Countries of the ECAFE region in need of foreign capital assistance should have clear-cut policies giving security and reasonable return for foreign investors, said Dr. Henry Grady, Leader of the American Delegation, before the ECAFE Committee On Industrial Development.

Dr. Grady said: "If a country fears 'domination' of foreign capital, it is perfectly logical for it to pass laws and make administrative provisions keeping foreign capital out. But it is quite inconsistent for the leaders of a country to proclaim that capital does not come in when they are taking measures and announcing policies which have no other effect than to keep it out".

Dr. Grady granted that countries could develop without foreign capital, but it would take a much longer time. "I personally can see little sense", he continued, "in a country endeavouring to develop without the assistance of foreign investments".

FOREIGN CAPITAL DOES NOT IMPLY DOMINATION?

Declaring that it was British capital which originally developed American industries, Dr. Grady said, "yet I can recall nowhere any charges that British capital investment resulted in British domination of our economic or political life. If there had been the slightest basis for such a charge, there would have been those to point it out, for we have always had a fair number of people whose joy in life comes from tweaking the lion's tail".

"We paid their capital back for the most part as we, in turn, developed an export surplus, and the whole transaction has been mutually satisfactory. In fact, I think we had the best of it, because we secured quickly and easily the capital which was the foundation of what you must admit has been a great industrial development.

NOT A SOLDIER, NOT A GUN!

"And later when we had capital to export we poured it into many countries. Canada, as an example, has secured billions of capital from us. I defy anyone to point to the slightest evidence that we had dominated Canada either politically or economically. So close and friendly are the relations between the two countries, that there is not, on a border extending for 3,000 miles, either a soldier or a gun".

In a 1,500-word statement, which was regarded in Conference circles as a reply to the demand by Asian delegates, particularly India, for assistance from Western nations, Dr. Grady said he was not arguing for the entrance of foreign capital in this area. It was available if wanted, but the decision was one for the countries themselves to make.

"It is unthinkable that credits and loans are not forthcoming from the West for an expanding economy in the East", Dr. Grady said, "but conditions must be favourable for sound loans just as they must be for direct investment in an enterprise".

IF I WERE ECAFE FINANCIAL ADVISER

Continuing, Dr. Grady said, "if I were the economic or financial adviser of the ECAFE, which of course I am not, I would strongly advise every possible effort to get the economy of each country on the upgrade (many are still going down the hill and no outside help can pull them up). They must themselves make the initial effort to increase production. Then I would exhaust the possibilities of co-operative effort under the direction and assistance of the ECAFE organisation. This meeting has demonstrated how much in this regard can be done. Next I would recommend a clear and consistent policy with regard to foreign capital.

NO LOAN AS GIFT

The agencies from which loans may be secured, Mr. Grady said are:

(1) Individual banks or consortia of bank in capital exporting countries.

(2) The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (set up for the purpose the name implies).

(3) The Export-Import Bank (an American Governmental Agency).

(4) In special cases, the Congress of the United States.

"I have no authority to speak for any of these agencies, least of all the Congress of the United States. But I am sure none of them is inclined to give away money or advance it under conditions which make it in effect a gift.

S. AFRICA WILL NOT LEAVE EMPIRE

Gen. Smuts Expresses View In London

LONDON, June 7, (Reuter): General Jan Smuts, former South African Premier, arriving at London airport today, declared that there was no danger of South Africa leaving the British Commonwealth as a result of the Nationalist victory in the Union's recent elections.

"As far as South Africa is concerned, the foreign relations and Commonwealth relations of the country are very largely, perhaps entirely unaffected by the changes taking place there. South Africa will not leave the Empire for a moment", he said.

Asked what brought about the change in public opinion, as shown in the elections, he replied: "It is the post-war desire for change. People do not like old faces and old voices and old smiles and old speeches".

General Smuts, who has come to be installed as Chancellor of Cambridge University next Thursday, said he would remain in Britain only a week to fulfil this engagement before visiting Holland.

South African Nest-egg

JOHANNESBURG, (Reuter): South Africa, in spite of its present high cost of living and general tightness of money, still has a nest-egg of more than £3,000,000 tucked away in the Treasury, ready for citizens to draw on when they need it.

The total sum invested by citizens through the war-time Personal Savings Levy between 1942 and 1945, Treasury officials said was £5,500,000 —and up to March 31 this year only £2,400,000 had been drawn out.

But there is a reason. Interest accrues for 6 years after payment, and only in June this year will the full interest have earned on the first Savings Levy payments made in 1942.

Another reason is that the 1945 Savings Levy payments cannot be touched until 1951, even by those who are prepared to sacrifice a portion of their original payments.

Fish He Could Not Eat

SYDNEY, (Reuter): When at Whale Beach recently, Sydney surf lifesaver Hal Bailey, 29, saw a fish embedded in rock. A storm had shifted a slab of rock and disclosed the fish.

He notified officials of the Australian Museum, Sydney, who went to Whale Beach and dug the fish out of its pre-historic rock cradle.

The fossil fish, it seems, has no name. It lived in waters north of Sydney about 200 million years ago, and its species may be new to science.

Mr. Harold Fletcher (palaeontologist of the Australian Museum, Sydney) said the discovery was important because very few fossil fish had ever been found in that particular sandstone, which is of the Lower Triassic age.

The specimen is about 12 inches long, and its scales are plainly visible. It has two dorsal fins and a ventral fin.

MR. RAMASWAMI AYANGAR

Mr. Ayangar who was formerly for many years with the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., has been appointed as Officer on Special Duty in the Ministry of Commerce Government of India, in connection with the proposed shipping corporations.

Dr. Benes Resigns

Premier Gottwald To Succeed Him

PRAGUE, June 7, (Reuter): Dr. Edward Benes, 64-year-old President and co-founder of the Czechoslovak Republic, resigned today—24 hours before the deadline for promulgation of Czechoslovakia's new constitution.

In his letter of resignation he pronounced this benediction on his country: "Let all live and work in tolerance, love and forgiveness, allowing freedom to others and enjoying freedom themselves".

He gave as his reasons his poor health and "the problems of the whole political situation."

Dr. Benes is reported, to have left unsigned the new constitution—establishing a "Peoples Democratic Republic" — which was put into his hands 29 days ago.

The constitution in its final form was completed after the Communists coup last February. A special committee had been drafting it for two years.

Weary and sick, he remained today in seclusion at his summer home at Zezimovo Usti in southern Czechoslovakia.

His letter of resignation must be countersigned by Communist Premier Klement Gottwald, generally expected to be his successor, and this may be done at tomorrow's Cabinet meeting or at another meeting specially convened.

Dr. Benes has not emerged from seclusion since the events of February which brought the Communists to power in the republic.

Observers here forecast today that if M. Gottwald became President, the new Premier would be M. Antonin Zapotocky, Trade Union leader and Deputy Premier, while M. Zedenek Fierlinger, Social Democrat Minister of Industry, would become Deputy Premier.

As bearer of the Presidential powers the Cabinet now has the alternative itself of signing the constitution, or waiting until a successor is found to Dr. Benes.

Political circles regarded it as nearly certain the successor would be M. Gottwald, Premier since 1946 and "father" of the new constitution which was ceremonially adopted at Trade in Castle on May 9.

Dr. Benes, reported to be a very sick man, may, it is believed remain at his summer home and complete his memoirs.

Dr. Benes with Thomas G. Masaryk wrested the Czechoslovak Republic from the ruins of the Austro-Hungarian Empire in 1918.

He has never made a decisive comment on the new regime established in February.

Dr. Klimek, former General Secretary of the Christian Democratic Peoples Party, who fled in March, told Reuter in London today.

"Benes, by resigning, shows that he will have nothing to do with a new constitution which simply makes Czechoslovakia a puppet of Russia".

Nearly Kidnapped

PARIS, June 6 (Reuter): M. Gaston Palewski, General de Gaulle's right hand man was nearly kidnapped last night he told journalists at a Gaullist meeting at Narbonne today.

He said the attempt was made during a scuffle between Gaullists and Communists at a meeting yesterday.

The meeting was cancelled following police intervention and the local Gaullist leaders protested to the Town Council.

Spaniards May 'Invade' Philippines Again

MANILA: (Reuter): Spaniards may invade Manila Bay again—this time to salvage the dozen Japanese vessels hit by the American Air Force during the war.

An offer to salvage these ships has just been received from a Valencia firm.

Dames May Grow Maize In West Africa

COPENHAGEN: (Reuter): Denmark may grow maize in a large area of Portuguese West Africa next year, according to press reports here.

A Danish Government official recently visited a number of areas and it is understood that the Portuguese authorities have offered to make areas available free of charge.

MOUNTBATTEN FOR ANAND

Will Perform Opening Ceremony Of Birla Engineering College

BARODA, June 7, (APD): Lord and Lady Mountbatten will arrive here on June 14 'enroute' to Anand, where His Excellency will perform the opening ceremony of the Birla Engineering College at Vallabha Vidya Nagar, it is understood.

Their Excellencies will also visit the Agricultural Institute and other educational institutions at Anand, during their visit.

The foundation stone of the Vallabh Vidya Nagar was laid by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in April last year when he toured Kaira district.

SECOND COLUMBIA RIVER CREST

Battering Dykes Protecting Northeast Portland

PORTLAND, Oregon, June 7 (Reuter): The second Columbia river flood crest to strike this area within a week today is battering the dykes protecting northeast Portland.

The dykes, weakened by more than two weeks of high water, were under constant patrol by troops and civilians. Some were already leaking.

Sandbag battalions were fighting to prevent a major break through along a 20-mile stretch of North Portland's main bulwark against the Columbia.

Floods in four Pacific northwest states and British Columbia already taken the lives of 26 persons, destroyed the homes of 18,700 in the town of Vanport where 45 children and seven adults are still unaccounted for—and left an estimated 60,000 homeless in the region.

Blunt But Truthful Editor Is Dead

LAMAR, MISSOURI: (Reuter):— Mr. Arthur Aull, the 75-year-old editor who believed in publishing the blunt, ungarnished truth about his town and won readers all over the world as a result, is dead.

He contended that in a town the size of Lamar with a population of 3,000, the most carefully guarded secret would eventually be discovered and bandied about in considerably more scandalous form. To combat that he determined to publish the facts as they were, however much it hurt.

He would publish such item as:—

"John Doe hasn't had any liquor for a good long time. The big reason is that whisky sells for money and John has none"

"John Doe is so happily employed in his garden these days that he has ceased sitting around the house making himself a nuisance by telling Mrs. Doe what a tough brimstone-coated child of hell he was when he was a young blade"

"John Doe was divorced from his wife yesterday. She ran off with her brother-in-law while her husband and children were at church".

French Cinema Industry Pioneer Dies

PARIS, June 8. (Reuter): M Louis Lumiere, pioneer in the French cinema industry died today in Bandol, Southern France after having been ill for several years.

M. Lumiere, who was 85 heard a Paris audience shriek and run for the exit 50 years ago when he showed them his first film picture of a train steaming into a country station.

He was born on October 20, 1862 the son of a sign painter who was struggling to make a living out of the then new art of photography.

He lived to see his newest invention three-dimensional films shown on public screens to audiences wearing specially coloured glasses but he died before the two-dimensional ones were replaced.

Working always with his brother Auguste he was one of the first exponents of films instead of plates for cameras and in 1899 invented a camera to take a circular panorama.

WHY EXPLOIT TRADE UNIONS FOR POLITICAL ENDS?

French India Warns Communists And Assures Support To Union Government

PONDICHERRY, June 7, (A.P.I.): A French India Government 'communique' today warned "professional agitators'" from India that French India would never be a home of refuge for them, and they would be expelled if they sought to exploit French India's hospitality, "whether for creating international troubles as in Chandernagore, or for attacking and weakening the Indian Union Government".

The 'communique' named Communist organisation among the certain political organisations" who, it stated, used trade unions for political ends and exploited India's economic difficulties, and against whom the Indian Union Government were taking severe measures.

While French law never knew "the crime of free opinion", the 'communique' stated the French India would never lend itself to the game of those who tried to seize power by unlawful means.

"French Indian Government desires to maintain the most cordial relations with the Government of the Indian Union", the 'communique' added and will do nothing which will inconvenience this Government or prevent it from freely administering justice.

"Far from being an obstacle to Franco-Indian friendship or being a source of trouble to the Indian Union, French India will be the instrument and a testimony to this friendship—in the service of India as that of France"

PROBING IN RUNNING OF NATIONALISED INDUSTRY

M.P.s Given Greater Latitude

LONDON, June 7, (Reuter). Members of Parliament are to have greater latitude to question Ministers in the House of Commons about the running of nationalised industries.

Hitherto the Government has been reluctant to answer these questions on the ground that the National Boards in charge of the industries should be protected from criticism of minor day to day affairs.

The Speaker of the House, Colonel Douglas Clifton Brown, has also barred questions under a rule of the House because they asked about matters outside ministerial responsibility.

The Opposition has felt that Ministers ought to accept responsibility and answer such questions for instance, when there was a breakdown in the electricity supply last week resulting in several countries being without electricity for some hours.

Today the Speaker suggested that he should be given discretion to decide which questions were of sufficient public importance to be put to a Minister.

The House agreed to give this new procedure a trial.

BANNERJEE ELECTED B. P. N. T. U. C. CHIEF

CALCUTTA, June 7 (A.P.I.) : The Secretary of the Bengal provincial National trade Union Congress in a statement today said that, at the annual general session of the Bengal Provincial branch of the INTUC held yesterday, Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee M.L.A., former Labour Minister to West Bengal, was elected President of the BPNTUC for the year 1948-49.

In a counter-statement, Mr. Bepin Behari Ganguly, out-going President, contradicted the report and said that, as there was some confusion and rowdyism, he, as the president, dissolved the meeting and authorised the Secretary to call a fresh meeting on a later date for election of office bearers for the ensuing year. Mr. Ganguly said that "bonafide" delegates were not allowed to enter the meeting hall and there delegate cards were withheld by the office, inspite of his order to deliver the same.

Nair Elected President Of Juhu Civic Board

BOMBAY, June 7 (A.P.I.) : Mr. A. B. Nair was elected President and Mrs. Blossom Victor Creado vice-President of the Juhu Municipal Board today. All the members who were recently elected were present.

Mr. Nair in a short address to the Municipal Board thanked the members for electing him President and said he considered himself as the first servant of the people of the Municipality. He hoped that with mutual understanding and co-operation, it would be possible to put into effect schemes for the improvement of the municipality.

"IRON CURTAIN" NOT DOING WELL

MOSCOW, June 6 (UPA): Soviet newspapers reported gleefully to-day that Hollywood's "Iron Curtain" was not doing well.

The Moscow press quoted an alleged article in the United States theatre magazine, "Variety", stating the motion picture about a Canadian spy plot had been withdrawn from the theatres in major cities.

The Government newspaper, "Izvestia," reported the film lasted only six days in Ottawa's "half empty Capitol theatre", and said it had been confusedly withdrawn from screens in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Boston, San Francisco, Denver and Seattle.

Tass reported from New York, "The American public are displaying disgust towards this anti-Soviet film and does not visit theatres where it is shown."

NEW DEAL IN EDUCATION

CANBERRA: (Reuter) Representatives of 36 Commonwealth and State organisations recently attended a new deal for education conference here, called by the Australian Teather's Federation.

The conference urged the Australian Government to launch a loan of £100,000,000 to be spent on education.

Teachers at the conference criticised the over-crowding in schools and the shortage of teachers.

2 GURKHA GUARDS KILLED

Communists Raid Sugar Factory At Toungoo

RANGOON, June 7 (Reuter) : Two Gurkha factory guards were killed and several wounded in a three-hour gun battle that followed a raid by 700 bandits on a sugar factory at Toungoo, 130 miles north of Rangoon, during the week end.

Mr. Alexander Mcaughtrie, the Scots manager, had a narrow escape and hid in an oil tank until the arrival of a train from Rangoon.

The raiders, Indians and Burmese, said to be Communists, took away their casualties after looting Mr. Mcaughtrie's house.

Soldiers and police were sent to the District, where the situation is reported to be normal.

NEW MADRAS-DELHI AIR SERVICE

MADRAS, June 7. (U.P.I.): A new Madras-Delhi air service, of the Jupiter Airways Ltd., was inaugurated this morning by Mr O P. Ramaswami Reddiar, Premier of Madras, at the Meenambakkam aerodrome, before a large and distinguished gathering. Among those present were Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, the Madras Food Minister, Mr. T. K. Nair, Premier of Cochin and Dr. U Krishna Rau, Mayor of Madras.

Requesting the Premier to inaugurate the service, Dr R. M. Alagappa Chettiar, Chairman, Jupiter Airways said that the Jupiter Airways planes would, for the present touch Vizagapatam and Nagpur only, but later on they would halt at Bezwada and Jubbulpore as soon as permission was received.

Inrugurating the service, the Madras Premier eulogised the venture of the Jupiter Airways Ltd. as the first South Indian venture in air travel. He appealed for public co-operation.

"NEHRU ON GANDHI" THROUGH U. S. EYES

NEW YOYRK, June 7 (Reuter) : The "New York Times" book critic, John Bicknell, reviewing "Nehru on Gandhi", published here by the John Day Company, wrote: "American readers can be grateful for this volume giving the most significant passages on Gandhi from the voluminous writings of Jawaharlal Nehru. When we approach Gandhi through the eyes of Nehru, we approach him through a modern mind.

"Educated in the tradition of Western rationalism, yet every inch an Indian, Nehru has that double vision that uniquely qualifies him to interpret Gandhi to America. Like many a Western Liberal Nehru was often baffled and even irritated by Gandhi's methods, but as an Indian he has been able to point out the significance in India of what seemed whimsical from this distance.

"Most readers, I am sure will be prodded into reading either the original sources, or Gandhi's writings, or both. But even if they content themselves with the contents of this excellent volume, they will be much better able to understand both Gandhi and Nehru. They will also begin to see that the communal violence has tortured India, and out of which has come Gandhi's assassination, is not a producet of some alleged instability, but is the worst legacy of colonialism"

Government Forces Launch Offensive In Shantung

CHINESE REDS ROUTED IN CHENGWU BATTLE: 3,000 KILLED

NANKING, June 7 (Reuter)—Government forces have ended a long defensive phase and launched strong counter-attacks on the Shauntung and the Jehol fronts in the past 24 hours, pro-Government despatches reported today. In spite of torrential rain, Government armies around Tsinan, provincial capital of Shauntung, and along the Lunghai Railway junction south of the Shauntung-Kiangsu border, struck in a powerful drive to regain control of the southern stretch of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway.

The northern column was reported today to be 20 miles from the rail city of Taian captured by Communists a week ago, while the southern forces claimed to have routed a large Communist force near Chengwu about 40 miles north of the Lunghai Railway. Government tanks and planes played a leading part in the Chengwu battle which ended with the disorganised retreat of the Communists after losing over 3,000 dead, semi-official despatches said.

In Jehol the Government offensive is directed by General Fan Han-Chich, Second in Command in Manchuria, who has sent four columns, including mechanical units against the Communist-held railway base of Chaoyang. All were said to be making progress today. Their main object is to relieve the pressure on Changteh, provincial capital of Jehol, and to cut the communist's retreat from South Jehol. At the same time Nationalist planes based on Peiping began a sweep of the Peiping Kupiekow railway to disperse Communist forces bearing the Government advance into Jehol from Hopei province. In Chengteh itself the defenders had a breathing spell as the Communists besiegers halted their attacks presumably to remuster.

Contrary To Rules Of International Conduct

ATHENS, June 7 (UPI) The United Nations Balkan Committee has concluded its report on the removal of Greek children by Greek guerillas to Albania. Bulgaria and Yugoslavia.

The report says that this removal without the consent of the parents is contrary to modern rules of International conduct.

The Committee has decided to submit copies of its report to Albania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria who are to be asked to provide facilities for rapid repatriation of the children

LIKELY SPLIT IN BRITISH CABINET

LONDON, June 7, (I.P.A.): Big crisis hangs over the Labour Party and the British Cabinet over the nationalisation of Steel, the reversal by the House of Lords of the Commons' decision regarding the Death Penalty and the Marshall Aid cuts.

The recalling of the Labour Party's General Secretary, Morgan Phillip from West Socialist International Conference, now being held in Vienna, suggests that the Cabinet is fearing a split on the above issues. Some Cabinet members went to avoid disorganising steel industry by outright nationalisation and suggest buying of sufficient voting shares to give the Government control of it. However, Anourin Bevan's group is determined to go whole hog in nationalising the steel industry.

LONDON, June 5.— India has ordered 100 locomotives valued at approximately 13 million dollars from Canadian companies in Montreal and Kingstons states a message received from Toronto today.

E.C.A.F.E. COMMITTEES AT WORK

Will Submit Reports At Tomorrow's Plenary Session

OOTACAMUND, June 7, (A. P. I.): The various delegates to the ECAFE spent their first holiday yesterday sightseeing and around Ootacamund. Parties went as far out as Mysore by road while some delegates and their advisers visited the Pykara Hydro-Electric works.

Back from their sightseeing trips, the delegates were today sitting in committees working at some pressure with a view having their reports ready for the plenary session on Wednesday. The Industrial Committee is known to have practically concluded its work while the other committees are expected to be ready with their reports by tomorrow evening. With Saturday, June 12, set as the likely date for concluding the session, there is now much speculation about the headquarters of the ECAFE—one of the item on the agenda.

Following the Indian Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's invitation to the ECAFE to have its headquarters in India, the Madras Government are understood to have offered to make suitable arrangements for this in Ootacamund itself. A definite invitation in this regard may be made by the Leader of the Indian Delegation when the subject comes up for discussion.

DINAJPUR, June 6 (U.P.I.): A call to the Muslim National Guards throughout East Pakistan to take to spinning by 'charkha and 'takli' and popularise 'charkha movement. was made by Mirza Gholam Hafiz Naib Salaree-Suba of the Muslim National Guards, East Pakistan. He has appealed to them to explain to the villagers the utility of Khadi and its place in the economic programme of the State.

INDIAN STUDENTS PROTEST

LONDON, June 7 (U.P.I.):—Two hundred Indian students in London have protested to the Indian Government, through the Indian High Commissioner in London, against the action of the West Bengal Government in banning the Communist Party and its paper "Swadhinata".

The Indian High Commissioner received a students' deputation last night and assured them that their protest would be forwarded to proper authorities.

REMBRANDT EXHIBITION

FRANKFURT: (Reuter) Four Rembrandt paintings have been loaned by the Herzig Anton Ulrich museum in Brunswick for the Rembrandt show being held in Wiesbaden under the the auspices of American military government.

Officials hailed the show as "one of the most important Rembrandt exhibitions ever held anywhere."

The exhibition includes 40 paintings, 144 drawings and 6 techings by Rembrandt.

U. S. NEGRO FAMILIES OFFER TO ADOPT WAR BABIES

NEW YORK (IPS) Several Negro families of California in America have offered to adopt illegitimate coloured war babies in Britain. The families have offered the cost of transporting those children to America.

Battle Over Mural: "Dios No Existe"—God Does Not Exist

MEXICO CITY, June 6 (U. P. A.) Two skirmishes were faught in a battle over Diego Rivera's mural in the new Hotel De Prado which contains the words "Dios no existe"—God does not exist.

A group of about 150 students entered the hotel last night, stormed into the dining room, overpowered hotel guards and placed a chair beside the mural. From the chair one of the youths scratched out the words "no existe" with a knife He left the word "Dios" intact.

At midnight Rivera, accompanied by a friend, enterd the dining room and pencilled the words "no existe" into the mural again.

The huge mural, which covers one wall of the dining room of the dollar 8,000,000 hotel, became a national issue when Archbishop Luis M. Martinez refused to bless the new building until the offending words were removed.

Rivera flatly refused to do so.

In an effort to calm the storm of protest from Catholic groups, the hotel management hung white curtain over the entire 55 by five foot painting yesterday.

Human Life As Far Back As 75,000 B.C.

NEW YORK, June 6 (UPA): A Catholic priest said today remains indicating that human life existed as far back as 75,000 B.C. in the Antelias Valley of Lebanon may be the link between the Neanderthal man and homo sapiens.

Father Joseph Murphy, member of the Boston College, Fordham University expedition arrived yesterday on the American export liner, MARINE CARP, with 140 cases of specimens, including the skeleton of an eight or nine-year-old-boy who lived more than 60,000 years ago.

Father Murphy said the expedition to the Antelias Valley began operations in 1937. The war interrupted the project in 1940, but work was resumed last June.

Father Murphy said, "I believe the skeletons to be very important. They may indicate the transition stage between the Neanderthal man and homo sapiens. A study may show some features that will emphasize the difference between the two.

SURAT, June 7 (API)—The Tariff Board, headed by Mr. G. L. Mehta, will visit Surat on June 12 and 13 in connection with the enquiry into the case of the gold thread and wire industry for continued protection.

Mysore Minister For I. L. Conference

BANGALORE, June 7, (A.P.I.): Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, Minister for Labour, Government of Mysore, left this morning by plane for Calcutta "en route to San Francisco to attend the International Labour Conference there. Mr. Bhashyam who is also president of Mysore State Labour Federation will represent Indian States on the Indian Delegation

After attending the Labour Conference, Mr. Bhashyam proposes to undertake a study tour of America and Europe. In charge of the portfolio of Electricity, he will particularly interest himself in hydro-electric system and T.V.A. He also expects to visit leading universities in America and Britain. His foreign tour will last two months.

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